

CURTISS WRIGHT CORP

FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities and Exchange Act of 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2006
Commission File Number 1-134

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

13-0612970

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation
or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

4 Becker Farm Road
Roseland, New Jersey

07068

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(973) 597-4700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share 43,923,622 shares (as of July 31, 2006).

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS
(UNAUDITED)

(In thousands except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net sales	\$ 309,635	\$ 283,193	\$ 592,187	\$ 541,680
Cost of sales	204,082	182,894	394,573	355,612
Gross profit	105,553	100,299	197,614	186,068
Research and development expenses	11,333	11,580	21,304	21,808
Selling expenses	19,280	17,971	37,622	34,895
General and administrative expenses	41,442	37,001	80,784	70,969
Environmental remediation and administrative expenses, net of recoveries	327	573	89	656
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate and fixed assets	94	(12)	119	(2,925)
Operating income	33,077	33,186	57,696	60,665
Other income (expense), net	9	(576)	313	(700)
Interest expense	(5,948)	(4,778)	(11,382)	(9,081)
Earnings before income taxes	27,138	27,832	46,627	50,884
Provision for income taxes	6,046	9,898	13,257	18,427
Net earnings	\$ 21,092	\$ 17,934	\$ 33,370	\$ 32,457
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.76	\$ 0.75
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.74
Dividends per share	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.09
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	43,807	43,216	43,714	43,114
Diluted	44,295	43,776	44,208	43,688

Shares and per share amounts have been adjusted on a pro forma basis for the April 21, 2006 2-for-1 stock split as further described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

See notes to consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

	<u>June 30, 2006</u>	<u>December 31, 2005</u>
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,136	\$ 59,021
Receivables, net	268,834	244,689
Inventories, net	177,418	146,297
Deferred tax assets, net	23,025	28,844
Other current assets	13,006	11,615
	<u>525,419</u>	<u>490,466</u>
Property, plant and equipment, net	289,334	274,821
Prepaid pension costs	72,516	76,002
Goodwill	407,477	388,158
Other intangible assets, net	159,898	158,267
Other assets	12,426	12,571
	<u>1,467,070</u>	<u>1,400,285</u>
Total Assets	\$ 1,467,070	\$ 1,400,285
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 5,937	\$ 885
Accounts payable	76,218	80,460
Dividends payable	2,633	—
Accrued expenses	68,245	74,252
Income taxes payable	822	22,855
Other current liabilities	55,192	43,051
	<u>209,047</u>	<u>221,503</u>
Long-term debt	389,010	364,017
Deferred tax liabilities, net	50,643	53,570
Accrued pension and other postretirement benefit costs	76,492	74,999
Long-term portion of environmental reserves	21,909	22,645
Other liabilities	27,090	25,331
	<u>774,191</u>	<u>762,065</u>
Total Liabilities	774,191	762,065
Stockholders' Equity		
Common stock, \$1 par value	47,435	25,493
Additional paid-in capital	65,401	59,794
Retained earnings	674,109	667,892
Accumulated other comprehensive income	36,849	20,655
	<u>823,794</u>	<u>773,834</u>
Less: Cost of treasury stock	(130,915)	(135,614)
	<u>692,879</u>	<u>638,220</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity	692,879	638,220
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 1,467,070	\$ 1,400,285

See notes to consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 33,370	\$ 32,457
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	24,946	23,777
Loss (gain) on sale of real estate and fixed assets	119	(2,925)
Deferred income taxes	(2,368)	(1,158)
Share-based compensation	2,929	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of businesses acquired:		
Increase in receivables	(13,906)	(10,070)
Increase in inventories	(25,164)	(17,375)
(Increase) decrease in progress payments	(3,129)	477
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(16,747)	(1,937)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	12,015	(888)
(Decrease) increase in income taxes payable	(15,989)	829
Increase in net pension and postretirement liabilities	4,979	1,870
Decrease in other assets	987	933
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(1,020)	1,238
Total adjustments	(32,348)	(5,229)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,022	27,228
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales of non-operating assets	387	11,020
Acquisitions of intangible assets	(826)	(255)
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(17,137)	(22,032)
Net cash paid for acquisitions	(34,576)	(68,942)
Net cash used for investing activities	(52,152)	(80,209)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from revolving credit agreement	164,500	255,000
Principal payments on revolving credit agreement	(134,528)	(195,226)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	4,815	4,815
Dividends paid	(2,627)	(1,943)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	1,329	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	33,489	62,646
Effect of foreign currency	1,756	(2,720)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(15,885)	6,945
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	59,021	41,038
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 43,136	\$ 47,983
Supplemental disclosure of investing activities:		
Fair value of assets acquired in current year acquisitions	\$ 38,382	\$ 82,494
Additional consideration paid on previous years' acquisitions	3,283	6,384
Liabilities assumed from current year acquisitions	(7,086)	(19,716)
Cash acquired from current year acquisitions	(3)	(220)
Net cash paid for acquisitions	\$ 34,576	\$ 68,942

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stock
December 31, 2004	\$ 16,646	\$ 8,765	\$ 55,851	\$ 601,070	\$ 36,797	\$ (143,515)
Net earnings	—	—	—	75,280	—	—
Translation adjustments, net	—	—	—	—	(16,142)	—
Dividends	—	—	—	(8,458)	—	—
Stock options exercised, net	—	—	42	—	—	7,721
Stock issued under employee stock purchase plan, net	82	—	3,863	—	—	—
Recapitalization	8,765	(8,765)	—	—	—	—
Other	—	—	38	—	—	180
December 31, 2005	<u>25,493</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>59,794</u>	<u>667,892</u>	<u>20,655</u>	<u>(135,614)</u>
Net earnings	—	—	—	33,370	—	—
Translation adjustments, net	—	—	—	—	16,194	—
Dividends	—	—	—	(5,260)	—	—
Share-based compensation expense	—	—	2,788	—	—	141
Stock options exercised, net	—	—	(84)	—	—	4,357
Stock issued under employee stock purchase plan, net	49	—	2,217	—	—	—
Two-for-one common stock split effected in the form of a 100% stock dividend	21,893	—	—	(21,893)	—	—
Other	—	—	686	—	—	201
June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 47,435</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 65,401</u>	<u>\$ 674,109</u>	<u>\$ 36,849</u>	<u>\$ (130,915)</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS of PRESENTATION

Curtiss-Wright Corporation and its subsidiaries (the "Corporation") is a diversified multinational manufacturing and service company that designs, manufactures, and overhauls precision components and systems and provides highly engineered products and services to the aerospace, defense, automotive, shipbuilding, oil and gas processing, agricultural equipment, railroad, power generation, security, and metalworking industries. Operations are conducted through 34 manufacturing facilities, 58 metal treatment service facilities, and 2 aerospace component overhaul and repair locations.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Curtiss-Wright Corporation and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and such preparation requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The most significant of these estimates include the costs to complete long-term contracts under the percentage of completion accounting method, the useful lives for property, plant, and equipment, cash flows used for testing the recoverability of assets, pension plan and postretirement obligation assumptions, amount of inventory obsolescence, valuation of intangible assets, warranty reserves, and future environmental costs. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been reflected in these financial statements.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of trends or of the operating results for a full year.

On February 7, 2006, the Board of Directors declared a 2-for-1 stock split in the form of a 100% stock dividend. The split, in the form of 1 share of Common stock for each share of Common stock outstanding, was paid on April 21, 2006 to shareholders of record as of April 7, 2006. To effectuate the stock split, the Corporation issued 21.9 million shares of original Common stock, at \$1.00 par value from capital surplus, with a corresponding reduction in retained earnings of \$21.9 million. All references throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to number of shares, per share amounts, stock options data, and market prices of the Corporation's Common stock have been adjusted to reflect the effect of this stock split for all periods presented, where applicable.

Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* ("FAS 123(R)"), and related interpretations using the modified prospective method. See Note 10 for additional information regarding share-based compensation.

Certain prior year information has been reclassified to conform to current presentation.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

2. ACQUISITIONS

The Corporation acquired two business during the six months ended June 30, 2006, as described in more detail below. The acquisitions have been accounted for as purchases with the excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. The Corporation makes preliminary estimates of the purchase price allocations, including the value of identifiable intangibles with a finite life, and records amortization based upon the estimated useful life of those intangible assets identified. The Corporation will adjust these estimates based upon analysis of third party appraisals, when deemed appropriate, and the determination of fair value when finalized, within twelve months from acquisition.

Please refer to the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K for more detail on the 2005 acquisition. The results of the acquired business have been included in the consolidated financial results of the Corporation from the date of acquisition in the segment indicated as follows:

Flow Control Segment

Enpro Systems

On April 18, 2006, the Corporation acquired the assets and certain liabilities of Enpro Systems Ltd. ("Enpro"). The purchase price of the acquisition, subject to customary adjustments as provided for in the Asset Purchase Agreement, was \$17.5 million. Under the terms of the agreement, the Corporation deposited \$1.0 million into escrow as security for potential indemnification claims against the seller. Any escrow remaining after claims for indemnification have been settled will be paid to the seller in installments over the 13 months from the acquisition date by the escrow agent. Management funded the purchase from the Corporation's revolving credit facility.

The purchase price of the acquisition has been preliminarily allocated to the net tangible and intangible assets acquired, with the remainder recorded as goodwill, on the basis of estimated fair values. The estimated excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired is \$6.9 million at June 30, 2006. The Corporation may adjust these estimates based upon analysis of third party appraisals and the final determination of fair value.

Enpro, whose operations are located in Channelview, Texas, is a leader in the design and manufacture of engineered pressure vessels, catalytic cracking process equipment, and critical service valves for the petrochemical, refining, and utility markets. Revenues of the acquired business were \$35.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Metal Treatment Segment

Allegheny Coatings

On May 10, 2006, the Corporation acquired the assets and certain liabilities of two business units of Diversified Coatings, Inc. doing business as Allegheny Coatings ("Allegheny"). The purchase price of the acquisition, subject to customary adjustments as provided for in the Asset Purchase Agreement, was \$15.1 million. The Corporation is holding \$1.5 million as security for potential indemnification claims. Any amount of holdback remaining after claims for indemnification have been settled will be paid 15 months from the acquisition date. Management funded the cash portion of the purchase from the Corporation's revolving credit facility.

The purchase price of the acquisition has been preliminarily allocated to the net tangible and intangible assets acquired, with the remainder recorded as goodwill, on the basis of estimated fair values. The estimated excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired is \$4.2 million at June 30, 2006. The Corporation may adjust these estimates based upon analysis of third party appraisals and the final determination of fair value.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

The two acquired business units, located in Fremont, Indiana and Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada, apply high performance specialized coatings primarily to automotive braking and suspension components utilizing automated spray coating lines. Revenues of the combined business units were \$12.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2005.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 include amounts billed to customers and unbilled charges on long-term contracts consisting of amounts recognized as sales but not billed as of the dates presented. Substantially all amounts of unbilled receivables are expected to be billed and collected within one year.

The composition of receivables for those periods is as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Billed Receivables:		
Trade and other receivables	\$ 191,442	\$ 171,203
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,309)	(5,453)
Net billed receivables	<u>186,133</u>	<u>165,750</u>
Unbilled Receivables:		
Recoverable costs and estimated earnings not billed	111,564	107,618
Less: Progress payments applied	(28,863)	(28,679)
Net unbilled receivables	<u>82,701</u>	<u>78,939</u>
Receivables, net	<u>\$ 268,834</u>	<u>\$ 244,689</u>

The net receivable balance at June 30, 2006 includes \$7.6 million related to the Corporation's 2006 acquisitions.

4. INVENTORIES

In accordance with industry practice, inventoried costs contain amounts relating to long-term contracts and programs with long production cycles, a portion of which will not be realized within one year. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (principally average cost) or market. The composition of inventories is as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Raw material	\$ 67,512	\$ 59,336
Work-in-process	48,716	43,099
Finished goods and component parts	55,855	52,825
Inventoried costs related to U.S. Government and other long-term contracts	39,674	27,533
Gross inventories	<u>211,757</u>	<u>182,793</u>
Less: Inventory reserves	(26,533)	(25,377)
Progress payments applied, principally related to long-term contracts	(7,806)	(11,119)
Inventories, net	<u>\$ 177,418</u>	<u>\$ 146,297</u>

The net inventory balance at June 30, 2006 includes \$0.5 million related to the Corporation's 2006 acquisitions.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

5. GOODWILL

The Corporation accounts for acquisitions by assigning the purchase price to tangible and intangible assets and liabilities. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their fair values, and the excess of the purchase price over the amounts assigned is recorded as goodwill.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2006 are as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			Consolidated
	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	
December 31, 2005	\$ 117,169	\$ 250,896	\$ 20,093	\$ 388,158
Goodwill from 2006 acquisitions	6,876	—	4,240	11,116
Change in estimate to fair value of net assets acquired in prior years	—	(1,327)	—	(1,327)
Additional consideration of prior years' acquisitions	1,396	1,700	4	3,100
Currency translation adjustment	880	5,264	286	6,430
June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 126,321</u>	<u>\$ 256,533</u>	<u>\$ 24,623</u>	<u>\$ 407,477</u>

The purchase price allocations relating to the businesses acquired during 2006 are based on estimates and have not yet been finalized.

6. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net

Intangible assets are generally the result of acquisitions and consist primarily of purchased technology, customer related intangibles, trademarks and service marks, and technology licenses. Intangible assets are amortized over useful lives that range between 1 and 20 years.

The following tables present the cumulative composition of the Corporation's intangible assets and include \$9.9 million of indefinite lived intangible assets within other intangible assets for both periods presented.

<u>June 30, 2006</u>	<i>(In thousands)</i>		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Developed technology	\$ 96,416	\$ (16,919)	\$ 79,497
Customer related intangibles	77,378	(11,328)	66,050
Other intangible assets	17,389	(3,038)	14,351
Total	<u>\$ 191,183</u>	<u>\$ (31,285)</u>	<u>\$ 159,898</u>

<u>December 31, 2005</u>	<i>(In thousands)</i>		
	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Developed technology	\$ 92,580	\$ (13,510)	\$ 79,070
Customer related intangibles	74,063	(8,960)	65,103
Other intangible assets	16,697	(2,603)	14,094
Total	<u>\$ 183,340</u>	<u>\$ (25,073)</u>	<u>\$ 158,267</u>

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

The following table presents the changes in the net balance of intangibles assets during the six months ended June 30, 2006.

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Developed technology, net	Customer Related Intangibles, net	Other Intangible Assets, net	Total
December 31, 2005	\$ 79,070	\$ 65,103	\$ 14,094	\$ 158,267
Acquired during 2006	2,038	2,694	621	5,353
Amortization expense	(3,050)	(2,300)	(425)	(5,775)
Net currency translation adjustment	1,439	553	61	2,053
June 30, 2006	<u>\$ 79,497</u>	<u>\$ 66,050</u>	<u>\$ 14,351</u>	<u>\$ 159,898</u>

7. WARRANTY RESERVES

The Corporation provides its customers with warranties on certain commercial and governmental products. Estimated warranty costs are charged to expense in the period the related revenue is recognized based on quantitative historical experience. Estimated warranty costs are reduced as these costs are incurred and as the warranty period expires and may be otherwise modified as specific product performance issues are identified and resolved. Warranty reserves are included within other current liabilities on the Corporation's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table presents the changes in the Corporation's warranty reserves:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
	2006	2005
Warranty reserves at January 1,	\$ 9,850	\$ 9,667
Provision for current year sales	1,609	1,531
Increase due to acquisitions	—	1,796
Current year claims	(1,071)	(1,271)
Change in estimates to pre-existing warranties	(313)	(727)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	352	(397)
Warranty reserves at June 30,	<u>\$ 10,427</u>	<u>\$ 10,599</u>

8. PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Pension Plans

The components of net periodic pension cost for the three months June 30, 2006 and 2005 were:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Curtiss-Wright Plans		EMD Plans	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 2,996	\$ 2,595	\$ 1,172	\$ 924
Interest cost	2,146	1,992	2,128	2,064
Expected return on plan assets	(4,125)	(4,123)	(2,182)	(1,946)
Amortization of prior service cost	64	30	1	—
Amortization of net loss	48	7	—	—
Amortization of transition asset	(1)	(1)	—	—
Other benefit costs	1,288	—	—	—
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 2,416</u>	<u>\$ 500</u>	<u>\$ 1,119</u>	<u>\$ 1,042</u>

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

The components of net periodic pension cost for the six months June 30, 2006 and 2005 were:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Curtiss-Wright Plans		EMD Plans	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 5,992	\$ 5,190	\$ 2,344	\$ 1,848
Interest cost	4,292	3,984	4,256	4,128
Expected return on plan assets	(8,250)	(8,246)	(4,364)	(3,892)
Amortization of prior service cost	128	60	2	—
Amortization of net loss	96	14	—	—
Amortization of transition asset	(2)	(2)	—	—
Other benefit costs	1,555	—	—	—
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 3,811</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,238</u>	<u>\$ 2,084</u>

During the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Corporation did not make any contributions to the Curtiss-Wright Pension Plan and no contributions are anticipated in 2006. Contributions to the EMD Pension Plan were \$1.4 million during the first six months of 2006 and are expected to be \$6.8 million during the year.

The other benefit costs indicated above represent two events that are accounted for under SFAS No. 88, "Employers' Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Benefit Pension Plans and for Termination Benefits" ("FAS 88"). The first event is a settlement charge resulting from the retirement of a key executive and his subsequent election to receive his pension benefit as a single sum payout. As a result of this single sum payout, special settlement requirements under FAS 88 have been triggered. The second event resulted from special termination benefits offered for a limited period of time to certain employees in the Motion Control segment who terminated their employment with the Corporation during 2006. Consistent with the requirements of FAS 88, this liability is to be recognized when the employees accept the offer and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Corporation does not expect to incur any material other benefit costs for the remainder of 2006.

Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The components of the net postretirement benefit cost for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Curtiss-Wright Plan		EMD Plan	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 125	\$ 190
Interest cost	13	7	382	554
Amortization of net loss (gain)	2	(14)	(151)	—
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	<u>\$ 15</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ 356</u>	<u>\$ 744</u>

The components of the net postretirement benefit cost for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Curtiss-Wright Plan		EMD Plan	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 265	\$ 381
Interest cost	22	14	800	1,106
Amortization of net gain	(5)	(29)	(261)	—
Net periodic benefit cost (income)	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ (15)</u>	<u>\$ 804</u>	<u>\$ 1,487</u>

During the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Corporation has paid \$0.1 million and \$0.9 million on the Curtiss-Wright and EMD postretirement plans, respectively. During 2006, the Corporation anticipates contributing \$0.1 million and \$1.9 million to the postretirement plans, respectively.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
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(UNAUDITED)

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Diluted earnings per share were computed based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding plus all potentially dilutive common shares. A reconciliation of basic to diluted shares used in the earnings per share calculation is as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	43,807	43,216	43,714	43,114
Dilutive effect of stock options and deferred stock compensation	488	560	494	574
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	44,295	43,776	44,208	43,688

At June 30, 2005, there were 250,000 stock options outstanding that could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future, but were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 as they would have been antidilutive for those periods. There were no antidilutive shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006.

10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Corporation has four active employee share-based compensation programs as explained in further detail below and includes non-qualified share options, employee stock purchase plan options, performance shares, and performance restricted shares. Prior to January 1, 2006, the Corporation applied the intrinsic value method of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations in accounting for stock-based employee awards. Accordingly, the Corporation did not recognize compensation expense for the issuance of non-qualified share options with an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant or for options granted under the employee stock purchase plan. As the requisite service period for performance shares and performance restricted shares did not begin until January 1, 2006, no compensation cost was recorded in prior periods. Effective January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted FAS 123(R) using the modified prospective transition method and therefore has not restated prior periods. Under this transition method, compensation cost associated with employee stock options recognized in 2006 includes compensation expense related to the remaining unvested portion of non-qualified share options granted prior to January 1, 2006. Additionally, FAS 123(R) requires that cash flows resulting from tax deductions in excess of compensation cost that had been reflected as operating cash flows be reflected as financing cash flows.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

The compensation cost charged against income during 2006 for employee share-based compensation programs during the three months and six months ended was \$1.5 million, before taxes of \$0.4 million, and \$2.9 million, before taxes of \$0.9 million, respectively, as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
	<u>Three Months Ended June 30, 2006</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30, 2006</u>
Non-qualified share options	\$ 855	\$ 1,639
Employee stock purchase options	270	611
Performance shares	214	428
Performance restricted shares	—	—
Other share-based payments	120	251
	<u>1,459</u>	<u>2,929</u>
Total	\$ 1,459	\$ 2,929
Net income impact	<u>\$ 1,019</u>	<u>\$ 2,071</u>
EPS Impact:		
Basic	<u>\$ 0.02</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.02</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>

Other share-based payments include unrestricted share awards to employees and restricted stock awards to non-employee directors, who are treated as employees as prescribed by FAS 123(R). The compensation cost recognized follows the cost of the employee, which is primarily reflected as selling and general administrative expense in the unaudited consolidated statement of earnings. No cost was capitalized during fiscal 2006.

Pro forma information regarding net earnings and earnings per share is required by FAS 123(R), and has been determined as if the Corporation had accounted for its employee non-qualified share options and employee stock purchase plan option grants under the fair value method in prior periods. The Corporation's pro forma results are as follows:

	<i>(In thousands, except per share data)</i>	
	<u>Three Months Ended June 30, 2005</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30, 2005</u>
Net earnings, as reported	\$ 17,934	\$ 32,457
Add: Total share-based employee compensation cost, net of related tax effects, included in net income as reported	—	—
Deduct: Total share-based employee compensation cost determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(631)	(1,199)
	<u>17,303</u>	<u>31,258</u>
Pro forma net earnings	\$ 17,303	\$ 31,258
Net earnings per share:		
As reported:		
Basic	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.75
Diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.74
Pro forma:		
Basic	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.73
Diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.72

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "2005 LTI Plan"): Under the 2005 LTI Plan approved by stockholders in 2005 and effective as of May 19, 2005, an aggregate total of 5,000,000 shares of Common stock were registered. Issuances of Common stock to satisfy employee option exercises will be made from the Corporation's treasury stock. The Corporation does not expect to repurchase any shares in 2006 to replenish treasury stock for issuances made to satisfy stock option exercises. No more than 200,000 shares of Common stock or 100,000 shares of restricted stock may be awarded in any year to any one participant in the 2005 LTI Plan. Awards under the 2005 LTI Plan currently consist of four components – performance units (cash), non-qualified stock options, performance shares, and performance restricted shares. Details regarding the performance units can be found in the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Under the 2005 LTI Plan, the Corporation granted non-qualified stock options in 2005 to key employees. Grants under the 2005 LTI Plan were made in the fourth quarter of 2005. Stock options granted under the 2005 LTI Plan expire ten years after the date of the grant and are generally exercisable as follows: up to one-third of the grant after one year, up to two-thirds of the grant after two years, and in full three years from the date of grant.

Under the 2005 LTI Plan, the Corporation granted performance shares and performance restricted shares to certain of the Corporation's key executives and are denominated in shares based on the fair market value of the Corporation's Common stock on the date of grant. The performance shares were granted to certain officers of the Corporation in the fourth quarter of 2005 and are contingent upon the satisfaction of performance objectives keyed to achieving profitable growth over a period of three fiscal years commencing with the fiscal year following such award. The performance restricted shares were granted to certain key employees in the first quarter of 2006 and are contingent upon the satisfaction of performance objectives keyed to achieving certain operating income statistics in the year of grant and are subsequently restricted for an additional two years.

As of June 30, 2006, there are 4.5 million remaining allowable shares for issuance under the 2005 LTI Plan.

1995 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "1995 LTI Plan"): Under the 1995 LTI Plan approved by stockholders in 1995 and as amended in 2002 and 2003, an aggregate total of 4,000,000 shares of Common stock were registered under the 1995 LTI Plan. Issuances of Common stock to satisfy employee option exercises will be made from the Corporation's treasury stock. The Corporation does not expect to repurchase any shares in 2006 to replenish treasury stock for issuances made to satisfy stock option exercises. No more than 100,000 shares of Common stock could be awarded in any year to any one participant under the 1995 LTI Plan. Awards under the 1995 LTI Plan consisted of three components – performance units (cash), non-qualified stock options, and non-employee director grants. Details regarding the performance units can be found in the Corporation's 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Under the 1995 LTI Plan, the Corporation granted non-qualified stock options in 2004 and 2003 to key employees. Grants under the 1995 LTI Plan were made in the fourth quarter of both years. Stock options granted under the 1995 LTI Plan expire ten years after the date of the grant and are generally exercisable as follows: up to one-third of the grant after one year, up to two-thirds of the grant after two years, and in full three years from the date of grant.

In May 2003, the Corporation's Board of Directors and stockholders approved an amendment to the 1995 LTI Plan to authorize non-employee directors to participate in the plan. The amendment provided that each non-employee director could receive the equivalent of \$15,000 of the Corporation's Common stock per year. The Board of Directors approved and issued stock grants of 554 shares, 536 shares, and 960 shares in 2005, 2004, and 2003, respectively, of the Corporation's Common stock to each of the eight non-employee directors. The stock grants were valued at \$15,000 based on the market price of the Corporation's Common stock on the grant date and were expensed at the time of issuance.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

During 2005, the 1995 LTI Plan was superseded by the 2005 LTI Plan. The shares that were not yet issued under the 1995 LTI Plan were deregistered and then registered under the 2005 LTI Plan. There are no new awards being granted under the 1995 LTI Plan and no remaining allowable shares for future awards under the 1995 LTI Plan. As of June 30, 2006 there were options representing a total of 1.3 million shares outstanding under the 1995 plan.

Non-Qualified Share Options: The fair value of the non-qualified share options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the assumptions noted in the following table. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Corporation's stock and other factors. The Corporation uses historical data to estimate the expected term of options granted. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

	2005	2004	2003
Risk-free interest rate	4.52%	3.89%	3.68%
Expected volatility	23.21%	31.37%	31.68%
Expected dividend yield	0.86%	0.64%	0.94%
Expected term (in years)	7.0	7.0	7.0
Weighted-average grant-date fair value of options	\$ 9.06	\$ 10.72	\$ 6.99

A summary of employee stock option activity under the 2005 and 1995 LTI Plans are as follows:

	Shares (000's)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term in Years	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (000's)
Outstanding at December 31, 2005	1,916	\$ 18.21	7.1	\$ 17,812
Granted	—	—		
Exercised	(211)	11.73		
Forfeited/Cancelled	(34)	21.78		
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	1,671	\$ 18.96	6.8	\$ 19,920
Exercisable at June 30, 2006	1,057	\$ 14.49	5.6	\$ 17,329

The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the first six months of 2006 and 2005 was \$4.4 million and \$4.9 million, respectively.

As noted above, non-qualified stock option awards have a graded vesting schedule. Compensation cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for each separately vesting portion of each award as if each award was, in-substance, multiple awards. During the second quarter of 2006, compensation cost associated with non-qualified stock options of \$0.9 million was charged to expense. The Corporation has applied a forfeiture assumption of 7% in the calculation of such expense. As of June 30, 2006, there was approximately \$2.5 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.1 years.

Cash received from option exercises during the first six months of 2006 and 2005 was \$2.6 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. The total tax benefit generated from options granted prior to December 31, 2005, which were exercised during the first six months of 2006 and 2005, was \$1.7 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, and was credited to additional paid in capital.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Performance Shares and Performance Restricted Shares: Since 2005, the Corporation has granted performance shares and performance restricted shares to certain employees under the 2005 LTI Plan, whose vesting is contingent upon meeting various departmental and company-wide performance goals, including net income targets against budget and as a percentage of sales against a peer group and operating income as a percentage of sales against budget. The non-vested shares are subject to forfeiture if employment is terminated other than due to death, disability or retirement, and the shares are nontransferable while subject to forfeiture. A summary of performance share and performance restricted share activity for the first six months of 2006 is as follows:

	Units (000's)	Weighted- Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Non-vested at December 31, 2005	217	\$ 27.92
Granted	62	29.65
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	—	—
Non-vested at June 30, 2006	279	\$ 28.30

The grant-date fair values of performance shares and performance restricted shares are based on the market price of the stock and compensation cost is amortized to expense on a straight-line basis over the three-year requisite service period and assumes that 50% of the performance shares and 100% of the performance restricted shares will be forfeited. As forfeiture assumptions change, compensation cost will be adjusted on a cumulative basis in the period of the assumption change. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$2.6 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested performance shares, which is expected to be recognized over a period of 2.5 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan : The Corporation's 2003 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP") enables eligible employees to purchase the Corporation's Common stock at a price per share equal to 85% of the lower of the fair market value of the Common stock at the beginning or end of each offering period. Each offering period of the ESPP lasts six months, with the first offering period commencing on January 1, 2004. Participation in the offering is limited to 10% of an employee's base salary (not to exceed amounts allowed under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code), may be terminated at any time by the employee, and automatically ends on termination of employment with the Corporation. A total of 2,000,000 shares of Common stock have been reserved for issuance under the ESPP. The Common stock to satisfy the stock purchases under the ESPP will be newly issued shares of Common stock. During 2006, 97,210 shares were purchased under the ESPP. As of June 30, 2006, there were 1.7 million shares available for future offerings, and the Corporation has withheld \$2.3 million from employees, the equivalent of 98,000 shares. Compensation cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the six-month vesting period during which employees perform related services. The Corporation recognized \$0.1 million of tax benefit associated with disqualifying dispositions during the first six months of 2006.

The fair value of the employee stock purchase plan options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the weighted-average assumptions noted in the following table. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of the Corporation's stock. The Corporation uses historical data to estimate the expected term of options granted. The risk-free rate for periods within the contractual life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
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	2006	2005	2004
Risk-free interest rate	4.37%	2.86%	1.33%
Expected volatility	24.76%	30.98%	23.99%
Expected dividend yield	0.45%	0.33%	0.35%
Expected term (in years)	0.5	0.5	0.5
Weighted-average grant-date fair value of options	\$ 6.21	\$ 6.68	\$ 5.61

2005 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors : The Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (“2005 Stock Plan”), approved by the stockholders in 2005, provided for the grant of stock awards and, at the option of the non-employee directors, the deferred payment of regular stipulated compensation and meeting fees in equivalent shares. Under the 2005 Stock Plan, the Corporation’s non-employee directors each receive an annual restricted stock award, which is subject to a three year restriction period commencing on the date of the grant. For 2006, the value of the award granted in the first quarter was \$50,000. These restricted stock awards are subject to forfeiture if the non-employee director resigns or retires by reason of his or her decision not to stand for re-election prior to the lapsing of all restrictions, unless the restrictions are otherwise removed by the Committee on Directors and Governance. The cost of the restricted stock awards will be amortized over the three year restriction period from the date of grant, or such shorter restriction period as determined by the removal of such restrictions. Newly elected non-employee directors also receive a one-time restricted stock award, which during 2006 was valued at \$25,000 and awarded in the second quarter. The total number of shares of Common stock available for grant under the 2005 Stock Plan may not exceed 100,000 shares. During 2006, the Corporation awarded 15,320 shares of restricted stock under the 2005 Stock Plan, of which 9,100 shares have been deferred by certain directors.

1996 Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors : The Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors (“1996 Stock Plan”), approved by the stockholders in 1996, authorized the grant of restricted stock awards and, at the option of the non-employee directors, the deferred payment of regular stipulated compensation and meeting fees in equivalent shares. Pursuant to the terms of the 1996 Stock Plan, non-employee directors received an initial restricted stock grant of 7,224 shares in 1996, which became unrestricted in 2001. Additionally, on the fifth anniversary of the initial grant, those non-employee directors who remained a non-employee director received an additional restricted stock grant equal to the product of increasing \$13,300 at an annual rate of 2.96%, compounded monthly from the effective date of the 1996 Stock Plan. In 2001, the amount per director was calculated to be \$15,419, representing a total additional grant of 3,110 restricted shares. The cost of the restricted stock awards is being amortized over the five-year restriction period from the date of grant. Prior to the effective date of the 2005 Stock Plan, newly elected non-employee directors received similar compensation under the terms of the 1996 Stock Plan upon their election to the Board.

Pursuant to election by non-employee directors to receive shares in lieu of payment for earned and deferred compensation under the 2005 and 1996 Stock Plans, the Corporation had provided for an aggregate additional 62,476 shares, at an average price of \$19.39 as of June 30, 2006. During 2006, the Corporation issued 7,136 shares in compensation pursuant to such elections.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

11. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Corporation manages and evaluates its operations based on the products and services it offers and the different markets it serves. Based on this approach, the Corporation has three reportable segments: Flow Control, Motion Control, and Metal Treatment.

(In thousands)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2006

	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	Segment Totals	Corporate & Other	Consolidated Totals
Revenue from external customers	\$ 129,291	\$ 123,111	\$ 57,233	\$ 309,635	\$ —	\$ 309,635
Intersegment revenues	—	308	194	502	(502)	—
Operating income	12,021	13,071	11,602	36,694	(3,617)	33,077

(In thousands)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2005

	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	Segment Totals	Corporate & Other	Consolidated Totals
Revenue from external customers	\$ 114,324	\$ 117,854	\$ 51,015	\$ 283,193	\$ —	\$ 283,193
Intersegment revenues	—	155	130	285	(285)	—
Operating income	12,638	12,710	9,104	34,452	(1,266)	33,186

(In thousands)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	Segment Totals	Corporate & Other	Consolidated Totals
Revenue from external customers	\$ 250,458	\$ 230,857	\$ 110,872	\$ 592,187	\$ —	\$ 592,187
Intersegment revenues	—	367	365	732	(732)	—
Operating income	22,887	18,126	21,182	62,195	(4,499)	57,696

(In thousands)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2005

	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	Segment Totals	Corporate & Other	Consolidated Totals
Revenue from external customers	\$ 223,737	\$ 217,938	\$ 100,005	\$ 541,680	\$ —	\$ 541,680
Intersegment revenues	—	276	238	514	(514)	—
Operating income	23,105	19,128	16,929	59,162	1,503	60,665

(In thousands)
Identifiable Assets

	Flow Control	Motion Control	Metal Treatment	Segment Totals	Corporate & Other	Consolidated Totals
June 30, 2006	\$ 490,746	\$ 676,001	\$ 216,610	\$ 1,383,357	\$ 83,713	\$ 1,467,070
December 31, 2005	440,550	653,037	194,316	1,287,903	112,382	1,400,285

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES to CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Adjustments to reconcile to earnings before income taxes:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Total segment operating income	\$ 36,694	\$ 34,452	\$ 62,195	\$ 59,162
Corporate and administrative	(3,617)	(1,266)	(4,499)	(1,256)
Gain on sale of Corporate real estate and fixed assets	—	—	—	2,759
Other income (expense), net	9	(576)	313	(700)
Interest expense	(5,948)	(4,778)	(11,382)	(9,081)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 27,138	\$ 27,832	\$ 46,627	\$ 50,884
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

12. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Total comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are as follows:

	<i>(In thousands)</i>			
	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net earnings	\$ 21,092	\$ 17,934	\$ 33,370	\$ 32,457
Equity adjustment from foreign currency translations	14,740	(11,694)	16,194	(15,486)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive income	\$ 35,832	\$ 6,240	\$ 49,564	\$ 16,971
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The equity adjustment from foreign currency translation represents the effect of translating the assets and liabilities of the Corporation's non-U.S. entities. This amount is impacted year-over-year by foreign currency fluctuations and by the acquisitions of foreign entities.

13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

The Corporation, through its Flow Control segment, has several NRC licenses necessary for the continued operation of its commercial nuclear operations. In connection with these licenses, the NRC required financial assurance from the Corporation in the form of a parent company guarantee, representing estimated environmental decommissioning and remediation costs associated with the commercial operations covered by the licenses. The guarantee for the decommissioning costs of the refurbishment facility, which is planned for 2017, is \$3.1 million.

The Corporation enters into standby letters of credit agreements with financial institutions and customers primarily relating to guarantees of repayment on certain Industrial Revenue Bonds, future performance on certain contracts to provide products and services, and to secure advance payments the Corporation has received from certain international customers. At June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005 the Corporation had contingent liabilities on outstanding letters of credit of \$34.0 million and \$32.3 million, respectively.

The Corporation is party to a number of legal actions and claims, none of which individually or in the aggregate, in the opinion of management, are expected to have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's results of operations or financial position.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
PART I – ITEM 2
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS of OPERATIONS

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Except for historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may be deemed to contain “forward-looking” information. Examples of forward-looking information include, but are not limited to, (a) projections of or statements regarding return on investment, future earnings, interest income, other income, earnings or loss per share, growth prospects, capital structure, and other financial terms, (b) statements of plans and objectives of management, (c) statements of future economic performance, and (d) statements of assumptions, such as economic conditions underlying other statements. Such forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as “believes,” “expects,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “anticipates,” or the negative of any of the foregoing or other variations or comparable terminology, or by discussion of strategy. No assurance can be given that the future results described by the forward-looking information will be achieved. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Such statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include, without limitation, those contained in (a) Item 1. Financial Statements and (b) Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Important factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those in these forward-looking statements include, among other items, the Corporation’s successful execution of internal performance plans; performance issues with key suppliers, subcontractors, and business partners; the ability to negotiate financing arrangements with lenders; legal proceedings; changes in the need for additional machinery and equipment and/or in the cost for the expansion of the Corporation’s operations; ability of outside third parties to comply with their commitments; adverse labor actions involving key customers or suppliers; product demand and market acceptance risks; the effect of economic conditions and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; the impact of competitive products and pricing; product development, commercialization, and technological difficulties; social and economic conditions and local regulations in the countries in which the Corporation conducts its businesses; unanticipated environmental remediation expenses or claims; capacity and supply constraints or difficulties; an inability to perform customer contracts at anticipated cost levels; changing priorities or reductions in the U.S. Government defense budget; contract continuation and future contract awards; U.S. and international military budget constraints and determinations; the factors discussed under the caption “Risk Factors” in the Corporation’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005; and other factors that generally affect the business of companies operating in the Corporation’s markets and/or industries.

The Corporation assumes no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results or changes in or additions to the factors affecting such forward-looking statements.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS of OPERATIONS, continued

COMPANY ORGANIZATION

We are a diversified, multinational provider of highly engineered, technologically advanced, value-added products and services to a broad range of industries in the motion control, flow control, and metal treatment markets. We are positioned as a market leader across a diversified array of niche markets through engineering and technological leadership, precision manufacturing, and strong relationships with our customers. We provide products and services to a number of global markets, such as defense, commercial aerospace, commercial power, oil and gas, automotive, and general industrial. We have achieved balanced growth through the successful application of our core competencies in engineering and precision manufacturing, adapting these competencies to new markets through internal product development and a disciplined program of strategic acquisitions. Our overall strategy is to be a balanced and diversified company, less vulnerable to cycles or downturns in any one business sector, and to establish strong positions in profitable niche markets. Approximately 50% of our revenues are generated from defense-related markets.

We manage and evaluate our operations based on the products and services we offer and the different industries and markets we serve. Based on this approach, we have three reportable segments: Flow Control, Motion Control, and Metal Treatment. For further information on our products and services and the major markets served by our three segments, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

RESULTS of OPERATIONS

Analytical definitions

Throughout management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations, the terms "incremental" and "base" are used to explain changes from period to period. The term "incremental" is used to highlight the impact acquisitions had on the current year results, for which there was no comparable prior-year period. Therefore, the results of operations for acquisitions are "incremental" for the first twelve months from the date of acquisition. The remaining businesses are referred to as the "base" businesses, and growth in these base businesses is referred to as "organic." During 2006, we redefined the method of calculating organic growth by including the results of operations for acquisitions in the base business after twelve full months of ownership.

Therefore, for the six months ended June 30, 2006, our organic growth calculations exclude the operations of the 2006 acquisitions, as well as the first two months of operations during 2006 of Indal Technologies, which was acquired in March 2005. These excluded results of operations from the organic calculation are considered "incremental".

Three months ended June 30, 2006

Sales for the second quarter of 2006 totaled \$309.6 million, an increase of 9% from sales of \$283.2 million for the second quarter of 2005. New orders received for the current quarter of \$264.1 million were down 7% from new orders of \$284.9 million for the second quarter of 2005. The acquisitions made in 2006 contributed \$9.3 million in incremental new orders received in the second quarter of 2006. Backlog increased 10% to \$882.7 million at June 30, 2006 from \$805.6 million at December 31, 2005. The acquisitions made during 2006 represented \$11.9 million of the backlog at June 30, 2006. Approximately 65% of our backlog is defense-related.

Sales growth for the second quarter of 2006, as compared to the same period last year, was driven by our Flow Control and Metal Treatment segments, which experienced organic growth of 10% and 8%, respectively, compared to the prior year period. Our Motion Control segment's organic sales increased 4% in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the prior year period. Sales for the second quarter of 2006 also benefited from the 2006 acquisitions of Allegheny Coatings and Enpro Systems, which contributed \$5.0 million in incremental sales.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS of
FINANCIAL CONDITION and RESULTS of OPERATIONS, continued

In our base businesses, higher sales to the oil and gas, ground and naval defense, commercial aerospace, and automotive markets drove our organic sales growth. Sales of our Motion Control segment's embedded computing products provided the majority of the \$7.3 million improvement in the ground defense market. Our Flow Control segment's coker valve products continued to penetrate the oil and gas market, and contributed significantly to our \$6.3 million increase in this market. Global commercial aerospace original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") products, spares, and repair and overhaul services revenues were up in our Motion Control segment, the main contributor to the \$5.2 million increase in this market. Higher sales of global shot peening and heat treating services from our Metal Treatment segment drove the revenue growth of \$5.1 million in the automotive market. Sales to the U.S. Navy were up \$3.2 million due to increased sales of electromechanical and electronic products from our Flow Control segment. Offsetting these increases were lower sales of motion control products to the defense aerospace and general industrial markets of \$5.3 million. In addition, foreign currency translation favorably impacted sales by \$0.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2006, compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the second quarter of 2006 totaled \$33.1 million, essentially flat as compared to the same period last year. Overall organic operating income (which includes Corporate) increased 4% for the same comparable period due to higher sales volumes and previously implemented cost reduction initiatives. Our three business segments experienced organic operating income growth of 8% in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the second quarter of 2005, driven primarily by our Metal Treatment segment, which experienced organic operating income growth of 24% due mainly to the higher sales volume noted above. Our Motion Control segment experienced organic operating income growth of 12% mainly due to cost reduction efforts, while our Flow Control segment's organic operating income remained essentially flat compared to the prior year period. Additionally, our 2006 acquisitions experienced a small operating loss of \$0.4 million in the second quarter of 2006 due mainly to transition costs.

Operating income in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the prior year period included higher general and administrative costs related to the adoption of FAS 123(R), which lowered operating income by \$1.1 million, and \$1.9 million of higher pension expense related to the Curtiss-Wright pension plans. Foreign exchange translation had an adverse impact of \$1.1 million on operating income for the second quarter of 2006, as compared to the prior year period, mainly due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar.

Net earnings for the second quarter of 2006 totaled \$21.1 million, or \$0.48 per diluted share, an increase of 18% as compared to the net earnings for the second quarter of 2005 of \$17.9 million, or \$0.41 per diluted share. Our effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2006 was favorably impacted by tax provision to return adjustments of \$2.0 million related to research and development credits from our Canadian operations and the impact of a Canadian tax law change enacted during the second quarter of 2006, which resulted in a \$1.6 million favorable adjustment. Higher interest rates and increased debt levels led to higher interest expense of \$0.7 million, net after tax, in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the second quarter of 2005.

Six months ended June 30, 2006

Sales for the first six months of 2006 totaled \$592.2 million, an increase of 9% from sales of \$541.7 million for same period last year. New orders received for the first six months of \$652.1 million were up 7% over the new orders of \$610.8 million for the first six months of 2005. The acquisitions made in 2005 and 2006 contributed \$10.7 million in incremental new orders received in the first six months of 2006.

Organic sales growth of 8% for the first six months of 2006, as compared to the same period last year, was driven by our Flow Control and Metal Treatment segments, which experienced organic growth of 11% and 10%, respectively, compared to the prior year period. Our Motion Control segment's organic sales increased 4% in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the prior year period. Sales for the first six months of 2006 also benefited from the 2005 and 2006 acquisitions of Indal Technologies, Allegheny Coatings, and Enpro Systems, which contributed \$10.9 million in incremental sales.

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In our base businesses, higher sales to the defense, commercial aerospace, oil and gas, and automotive markets drove our organic sales growth. Sales of our Motion Control segment's embedded computing products provided the majority of the \$7.8 million improvement in the ground defense market. Global commercial aerospace original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") products, spares, and repair and overhaul services revenues in our Motion Control segment were the main contributor to the \$15.0 million increase in the commercial aerospace market. Our Flow Control segment's coker valve products continued to penetrate the oil and gas market, and contributed significantly to the \$14.4 million increase in this market. Sales to the U.S. Navy were up \$8.8 million due to increased sales of electromechanical and electronic products from our Flow Control segment. Higher sales of global shot peening and heat treating services from our Metal Treatment segment drove this segment's organic revenue growth of \$4.1 million. Offsetting these increases were lower sales to the general industrial market and the defense aerospace market of \$3.7 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, primarily driven by a decline in sales of motion control products to these markets. In addition, foreign currency translation adversely impacted sales by \$3.0 million for the first six months of 2006, compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the first six months of 2006 totaled \$57.7 million, down 5% over the \$60.7 million from the same period last year. Operating income for the first six months of 2005 included a gain of \$2.8 million related to the sale of non-operating property. Overall organic operating income (which includes Corporate) increased 4% for the same comparable period as the benefits from the higher sales volumes and previously implemented cost reduction initiatives were mostly offset by less favorable sales mix and cost overruns on certain contracts. Our three business segments experienced organic operating income growth of 7% in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the same period last year, driven primarily by our Metal Treatment segment, which experienced organic operating income growth of 26% due mainly to the higher sales volume noted above. Our Motion Control segment experienced organic operating income growth of 10% mainly due to the cost reduction efforts, while our Flow Control segment's organic operating income increased 2%. Additionally, our 2006 acquisitions experienced an operating loss of \$1.2 million in the first six months of 2006 due the timing of their contracts and business consolidation costs.

Operating income in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the prior year period included higher general and administrative costs related to the adoption of FAS 123(R), which lowered operating income by \$2.2 million, and \$2.8 million of higher pension expense related to the Curtiss-Wright pension plans. Foreign exchange translation adversely impacted operating income by \$2.4 million for the first six months of 2006, as compared to the prior year period, mainly due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar.

Net earnings for the first six months of 2006 totaled \$33.4 million, or \$0.75 per diluted share, an increase of 3% as compared to the net earnings for the first six months of 2005 of \$32.5 million, or \$0.74 per diluted share. Our effective tax rate for the first six months of 2006 was favorably impacted by tax provision to return adjustments of \$2.0 million relating to research and development credits from our Canadian operations and the impact of a Canadian tax law change enacted during the second quarter of 2006, which resulted in a \$1.6 million favorable adjustment. Higher interest rates and increased debt levels led to higher interest expense of \$1.5 million, net after tax, in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the prior year period.

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Segment Operating Performance:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2006	2005	% Change	2006	2005	% Change
Sales:						
Flow Control	\$ 129,291	\$ 114,324	13.1%	\$ 250,458	\$ 223,737	11.9%
Motion Control	123,111	117,854	4.5%	230,857	217,938	5.9%
Metal Treatment	57,233	51,015	12.2%	110,872	100,005	10.9%
Total Sales	\$ 309,635	\$ 283,193	9.3%	\$ 592,187	\$ 541,680	9.3%
Operating Income:						
Flow Control	\$ 12,021	\$ 12,638	-4.9%	\$ 22,887	\$ 23,105	-0.9%
Motion Control	13,071	12,710	2.8%	18,126	19,128	-5.2%
Metal Treatment	11,602	9,104	27.4%	21,182	16,929	25.1%
Total Segments	36,694	34,452	6.5%	62,195	59,162	5.1%
Corporate & Other	(3,617)	(1,266)	185.7%	(4,499)	1,503	-399.3%
Total Operating Income	\$ 33,077	\$ 33,186	-0.3%	\$ 57,696	\$ 60,665	-4.9%
Operating Margins:						
Flow Control	9.3%	11.1%		9.1%	10.3%	
Motion Control	10.6%	10.8%		7.9%	8.8%	
Metal Treatment	20.3%	17.8%		19.1%	16.9%	
Total Curtiss-Wright	10.7%	11.7%		9.7%	11.2%	

Flow Control

Sales for the Corporation's Flow Control segment increased 13% to \$129.3 million for the second quarter of 2006 from \$114.3 million in the second quarter of 2005. The 2006 acquisition contributed \$2.9 million in incremental sales in the second quarter of 2006, while organic sales growth was 10%. The organic sales improvement was driven primarily by a \$5.8 million increase in sales to the oil and gas market and increased sales to the U.S. Navy and ground defense markets of \$3.0 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, as compared to the prior year period. The remaining increase was due to slightly higher sales to the power generation market. The increased sales to the oil and gas market were driven by continued high demand for our coker valve products, which accounted for approximately half of the market increase. Other valve and field service sales to the oil and gas market were up over the second quarter 2005, due to increased capital spending and repair and maintenance expenditures by refineries as they continue to invest money to increase capacity and improve plant efficiencies. The increased revenues to the U.S. Navy were mainly driven by a greater production work on the CVN aircraft carrier and Virginia-class submarine, which was up \$7.2 million over the prior year period. Sales to the U.S. Navy were also impacted by lower overall sales from pump production of \$5.1 million due to the timing of the military programs, and a \$2.0 million decrease in JP-5 jet fuel transfer valves used on Nimitz-class aircraft carriers due to delayed government funding, and higher sales of generic electronics products of \$2.3 million. The increase in the ground defense market over the prior year was driven by the continuation of development work on the U.S. Army's electromagnetic ("EM") gun program. Lower pump sales of \$1.4 million lowered second quarter 2006 revenues to the Department of Energy. Sales of this segment also benefited from favorable foreign currency translation of \$0.2 million in the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the second quarter of 2006 was \$12.0 million, a decrease of 5% as compared to \$12.6 million for the same period last year. The 2006 acquisition reduced operating income by \$0.7 million during the second quarter of 2006 mainly due to business consolidation and transition costs. The segment's organic operating income remained essentially flat compared to the prior year period as higher sales volume were offset by higher



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research and development investments, higher material costs, and less favorable naval defense sales mix. Foreign currency translation positively impacted this segment's operating income by \$0.1 million in the second quarter as compared to the prior year.

Sales for the first six months of 2006 were \$250.5 million, an increase of 12% over the same period last year of \$223.7 million. Acquisitions contributed \$2.9 million to this segment's sales during the first six months of 2006. The segment also experienced organic growth of 11% in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the prior year period primarily resulting from higher sales to the oil and gas market of \$13.4 million, higher sales to the U.S. Navy of \$8.5 million, and higher sales to the ground defense market of \$2.4 million. Partially offsetting these improvements were lower sales to the power generation market of \$1.5 million. Revenues derived from the oil and gas industry were driven by our coker valve sales which increased \$8.8 million in the first six months of 2006 versus the prior year, as the products continue to gain greater market acceptance in the industry and our installed base continues to perform well. Other valve and field service revenues to the oil and gas market were up \$4.6 million over the same period in 2005 as increased capital spending and repair and maintenance expenditures by refineries as they continue to invest money to increase capacity and improve plant efficiencies. The higher sales to the U.S. Navy was mainly driven by increased generators sales of \$10.4 million for use on the CVN aircraft carrier and Virginia-class submarines mainly due to the timing of contracts, and higher sales of generic electronic products of \$1.6 million. Partially offsetting these improvements in the first half of 2006 were also impacted by lower overall pump sales of \$3.6 million to the U.S. Navy as we wind down on existing submarine contracts, and lower sales of \$1.3 million for the JP-5 fuel transfer valves and ball valves used on Nimitz-class nuclear aircraft carriers and Virginia-class submarines, respectively. The increase in the ground defense market was driven by the continuation of our development work on the U.S. Army's EM gun. Sales in our commercial power generation business, which is driven by customer maintenance schedules and often vary in timing, had lower fastener product sales, as well as lower project revenues to the Department of Energy. Sales also benefited from favorable foreign currency translation of \$0.2 million in the first half of 2006, as compared to the same period last year.

Operating income for the first six months of 2006 was \$22.9 million, which was essentially flat to the first six months of 2005 operating income of \$23.1 million. Acquisitions lowered operating income \$0.7 million in the first six months of 2006 due to business consolidation and transition costs. The segment achieved organic growth of 2% due to higher sales volume and increased plant efficiencies, offset by increased material costs, additional research and development investments, and increased selling and infrastructure expenditures to support organic growth. Research and development spending increased \$2.1 million over the prior year as we position ourselves to take advantage of the anticipated increase in future commercial nuclear power projects. Foreign currency translation positively impacted this segment's operating income by \$0.1 million in the first six months of 2006 as compared to the prior year.

New orders received for the Flow Control segment totaled \$90.7 million in the second quarter of 2006 and \$295.0 million for the first six months of 2006, representing a decrease of 29% and an increase of 13% from the same periods in 2005, respectively. The acquisition made in 2006 contributed \$7.2 million in incremental new orders received in the second quarter of 2006. The reduction of new orders in the second quarter of 2006 was mainly due to the timing of new orders of electromechanical products for the U.S. Navy market. Backlog increased 12% to \$481.8 million at June 30, 2006 from \$429.3 million at December 31, 2005. The acquisition made during 2006 represented \$11.9 million of the backlog at June 30, 2006.

Motion Control

Sales for our Motion Control segment increased 5% to \$123.1 million in the second quarter of 2006 from \$117.9 million in the second quarter of 2005, all organic sales growth. The organic sales growth was primarily due to higher sales of commercial aerospace and ground defense products, partially offset by lower sales of defense aerospace and general industrial products. Ground defense product sales increased \$5.8 million driven by higher sales of embedded computing products for the Bradley Fighting Vehicle on increased demand resulting from the war effort, and also due to new program sales on the U.S. Army's Armored Security Vehicle. Commercial aerospace sales increased \$5.4 million largely due to 737 actuation systems and other new programs with Boeing, as well as increased demand for smoke detection and other sensors. Partially offsetting these increases are lower sales to the defense aerospace market of \$3.1 million, due in part to reduced customer requirements and lower pricing for the weapons

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bay door systems used on the F-22. In addition, sales of certain controller products to the general industrial markets in Europe declined \$1.5 million, as a primary customer for these products began its own in-house production. We expect this trend to continue throughout 2006, however, we do not believe the loss of this customer will have a material impact on the sales or operating profit on the Corporation or this segment. Foreign currency translation favorably impacted sales for the second quarter of 2006 by \$0.2 million as compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the second quarter of 2006 was \$13.1 million, an increase of 3% over the same period last year of \$12.7 million. The benefit of the higher sales volume and cost reduction initiatives were partially offset by unfavorable sales mix resulting from lower sales of higher margin programs such as the F-22 and the European controllers business, increased material costs, and production start up costs associated with new programs. The segment's operating income was also adversely impacted by foreign currency translation of \$1.2 million in the second quarter of 2006, as compared to the second quarter of 2005, mainly due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar.

Sales for the first six months of 2006 were \$230.9 million, an increase of 6% from sales of \$217.9 million during the first six months of 2005, primarily due to organic growth of 4% and the contribution of the 2005 acquisition, which contributed \$5.9 million in incremental sales. Organic sales growth in the first six months of 2006 was mainly due to higher sales to the commercial aerospace market of \$11.3 million and the ground defense market of \$6.8 million. These gains were partially offset by lower sales to the general industrial market and defense aerospace market of \$9.6 million, in the aggregate. Sales of various actuation and sensor products to aerospace OEM increased \$8.4 million due to additional ship set requirements of 737 actuation systems and other new programs with Boeing. Repair and overhaul sales increased \$3.0 million due to the continuing recovery of the commercial aerospace industry. These improvements were achieved despite the impact of reduced shipments associated with the 2005 Boeing strike during the first quarter of 2006. Sales of embedded computing products to the ground defense market increased \$6.0 million, primarily due to spares for the Bradley Fighting Vehicle and new production orders for the Armored Security Vehicle, partially offset by lower redesign and production work for the mobile gun system. Offsetting these improvements were lower sales of certain controller products to the general industrial markets of \$2.5 million as a primary customer for these products began its own in-house production, and lower sales to the defense aerospace market of \$4.3 million, due in part to reduced customer requirements and lower pricing for the weapons bay door systems used on the F-22. Foreign currency translation adversely impacted sales for the first six months of 2006 by \$1.8 million as compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the first six months of 2006 was \$18.1 million, a decrease of 5% over the same period last year of \$19.1 million. The 2005 acquisition experienced an incremental loss of \$0.8 million for the first six months of 2006 due to delays in timing of their contracts and from margin erosion from changes in foreign exchange rates on certain foreign currency denominated contracts. The benefit of the higher sales volume and cost reduction initiatives were partially offset by unfavorable sales mix resulting from lower sales of higher margin programs such as the F-22 and the European controllers business, increased material costs, and production start up costs associated with new programs. The segment's operating income was also adversely impacted by foreign currency translation of \$2.1 million in the first six months of 2006, as compared to the first six months of 2005, mainly due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar.

New orders received for the Motion Control segment totaled \$116.0 million in the second quarter of 2006, an increase of 10% over the same period last year, and \$245.7 million for the first six months of 2006, representing a decrease of 1% from 2005. The year-to-date decline was mainly due to significant contract wins for defense aerospace actuation systems in the first quarter of 2005 that did not repeat in 2006 and lower orders in the European controllers business due to the aforementioned customer transition. Backlog increased 6% to \$398.4 million at June 30, 2006 from \$374.5 million at December 31, 2005.

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Metal Treatment

Sales for the Corporation's Metal Treatment segment totaled \$57.2 million for the second quarter of 2006, up 12% when compared with \$51.0 million in the second quarter of 2005. The 2006 acquisition contributed \$2.1 million of incremental sales during the second quarter of 2006, while organic sales growth was 8%. The organic sales improvement is mainly due to strong demand in the heat treating business, which increased \$1.5 million, and higher sales of global shot peening services of \$1.4 million. Heat treating sales experienced increases across all markets served due to strengthening economic conditions. Shot peening sales increased primarily due to higher commercial and defense aerospace market sales and modest gains in the oil and gas and power generation markets, while sales growth in the European automotive market was offset by reduced volumes in the North American automotive market. The coatings division experienced organic sales growth of \$0.8 million primarily to the automotive industry. Foreign currency translation had a minimal impact on this segment's sales for the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the second quarter of 2006 increased 27% to \$11.6 million from \$9.1 million for the same period last year. Organic operating income growth for the second quarter of 2006 was 24% over the same period in 2005, while the 2006 acquisition contributed \$0.3 million of incremental operating income to the second quarter of 2006. Overall margin improvement was due mainly to the higher sales volume, primarily in our heat treating division, which benefited from increased productivity. Operating expenses remained flat as a percentage of sales period over period. Foreign currency translation had a minimal impact on this segment's operating income for the second quarter of 2006 as compared to the prior year period.

Sales for the Corporation's Metal Treatment segment totaled \$110.9 million for the first six months of 2006, up 11% when compared with \$100.0 million for the comparable period of 2005. The 2006 acquisition contributed \$2.1 million of incremental sales in the first six months of 2006, while organic sales growth was 10%. The organic growth was due to strong sales growth from our global shot peening services, which contributed \$5.5 million, and higher heat treating sales of \$3.0 million. Shot peening forming services on wing skins for Airbus drove the commercial aerospace market sales increase of \$2.2 million, while sales of shot peening services to the North American defense market increased \$0.9 million. Shot peening sales also experienced modest sales gains in the oil and gas and power generation markets, while sales growth in the European automotive and general industrial markets were offset by reduced volumes in the same North American markets. Heat treating sales experienced increases across all markets served due to strengthening economic conditions. The coatings division experienced organic growth of \$1.1 million primarily from the commercial aerospace market on increased customer production of new aircraft. In addition, foreign currency translation adversely impacted sales for the first six months of 2006 by \$1.5 million, as compared to the prior year period.

Operating income for the first six months of 2006 increased 25% to \$21.2 million from \$16.9 million for the same period last year. Organic operating income growth for the first six months of 2006 was 26% over the same period in 2005, while the 2006 acquisition contributed \$0.3 million of incremental operating income to the first six months of 2006. The operating income growth was primarily due to the variable contribution to gross margins of the higher volumes noted above. Operating expenses remained flat as a percentage of sales period over period. Additionally, the segment was adversely impacted from unfavorable foreign currency translation in the first six months of 2006 of \$0.4 million, as compared to the prior year period.

New orders received for the Metal Treatment segment totaled \$57.4 million in the second quarter of 2006 and \$111.4 million for the first six months of 2006, representing an increase of 11% and 10% from the same periods in 2005, respectively. Acquisitions made in 2006 contributed \$2.1 million in incremental new orders received in the first six months of 2006. Backlog increased 30% to \$2.5 million at June 30, 2006 from \$1.9 million at December 31, 2005.

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Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$1.2 million and \$2.3 million for the second quarter and first six months of 2006, respectively, versus the comparable prior year periods. The increases were due to higher interest rates partially offset by lower average outstanding debt. Our average rate of borrowing increased by one percentage point for both periods, while our average outstanding debt decreased 2% and 1% for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, as compared to the comparable prior year periods.

CHANGES IN FINANCIAL CONDITION

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We derive the majority of our operating cash inflow from receipts on the sale of goods and services and cash outflow for the procurement of materials and labor and is therefore subject to market fluctuations and conditions. A substantial portion of our business is in the defense market, which is characterized predominantly by long-term contracts. Most of our long-term contracts allow for several billing points (progress or milestones) that provide us with cash receipts as costs are incurred throughout the project rather than upon contract completion, thereby reducing working capital requirements. In some cases, these payments can exceed the costs incurred on a project.

Operating Activities

Our working capital was \$316.4 million at June 30, 2006, an increase of \$47.4 million from the working capital at December 31, 2005 of \$269.0 million. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was 2.5 to 1 at June 30, 2006 versus 2.2 to 1 at December 31, 2005. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$43.1 million at June 30, 2006, down from \$59.0 million at December 31, 2005. Days sales outstanding at June 30, 2006 were 48 days as compared to 43 days at December 31, 2005. Inventory turns were 4.9 for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as compared to 5.6 at December 31, 2005.

Excluding cash, working capital increased \$63.3 million from December 31, 2005, partially due to the 2006 acquisitions. The remainder of the increase was driven primarily by a decrease of \$16.7 million in accounts payable and accrued expenses due to the payments of annual compensation plans, interest on our 2003 Notes, and lower days payable outstanding. Inventory increased \$25.2 million due to build up for future 2006 sales and stocking of material for new programs, delayed customer shipments and milestone billings, and increased material costs, while receivables increased \$13.9 million due to higher sales volume, particularly late in the second quarter, and strong collections in the fourth quarter of 2005. These increases to receivables and inventory were offset by an increase in deferred revenue of \$12.0 million from favorable billing terms on certain commercial and governmental contracts.

Investing Activities

The Corporation acquired two businesses in the first six months of 2006. Funds available under the Corporation's credit agreement were utilized for funding the purchase price of the acquisitions, which totaled \$31.3 million. Additional acquisitions will depend, in part, on the availability of financial resources at a cost of capital that meets stringent criteria. As such, future acquisitions, if any, may be funded through the use of the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents, through additional financing available under the credit agreement, or through new financing alternatives. As indicated in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of our 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K, certain acquisition agreements contain contingent purchase price adjustments, such as potential earn-out payments. During the first six months of 2006, the Corporation made \$3.1 million in earn-out payments.

Capital expenditures were \$17.1 million in the first six months of 2006. Principal expenditures included new and replacement machinery and equipment and the expansion of new product lines within the business segments. We expect to make additional capital expenditures of approximately \$30 million during the remainder of 2006 on machinery and equipment for ongoing operations at the business segments, expansion of existing facilities, and investments in new product lines and facilities.

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Financing Activities

During the first six months of 2006, we used \$30.0 million in available credit under the Revolving Credit Agreement to fund investing activities. The unused credit available under the Revolving Credit Agreement at June 30, 2006 was \$336.0 million. The Agreement expires in July 2009. Additionally, we have reclassified \$5.0 million of debt due under a 2007 Industrial Revenue Bond as short-term debt. We believe funds from operations will be sufficient to satisfy the obligation in the first quarter of 2007. The loans outstanding under the 2003 and 2005 Notes, Revolving Credit Agreement, and Industrial Revenue Bonds had fixed and variable interest rates averaging 5.4% during the second quarter of 2006 and 4.5% for the comparable prior year period.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparation of these statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by the application of our accounting policies. Critical accounting policies are those that require application of management's most difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain and may change in subsequent periods. A summary of significant accounting policies and a description of accounting policies that are considered critical may be found in our 2005 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2006, in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Note 1, and the Critical Accounting Policies section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Recently issued accounting standards:

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments – an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140* ("SFAS No. 155"). SFAS No. 155 permits a fair value remeasurement for any hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that would otherwise require bifurcation. This accounting standard is effective as of the beginning of fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on our results of operation or financial condition.

In March 2006, the FASB issued the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 156, *Accounting for Servicing of Financial Assets, an amendment of FASB Statements No. 140* (SFAS No. 156). SFAS No. 156 requires that servicing assets and servicing liabilities be recognized at fair value, if practicable, when we enter into a servicing agreement and allows two alternatives, the amortization and fair value measurement methods, as subsequent measurement methods. This accounting standard is effective for all new transactions occurring as of the beginning of fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this statement will have a material impact on our results of operation or financial condition.

In June 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a more likely than not threshold for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This Interpretation also provides guidance on derecognition of income tax assets and liabilities, classification of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, accounting for interest and penalties associated with tax positions, accounting for income taxes in interim periods, and income tax disclosures. This Interpretation is effective as of January 1, 2007 for the Corporation and we are currently evaluating the impact of FIN 48 on our financial statements.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes in the Corporation's market risk during the six months ended June 30, 2006. Information regarding market risk and market risk management policies is more fully described in item "7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" of the Corporation's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of June 30, 2006, the Corporation's management, including the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Based on such evaluation, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are effective, in all material respects, to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports the Corporation files and submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported as and when required.

There have not been any changes in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, the Corporation and its subsidiaries are subject to various pending claims, lawsuits, and contingent liabilities. The Corporation does not believe that the disposition of any of these matters, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

The Corporation or its subsidiaries have been named in a number of lawsuits that allege injury from exposure to asbestos. To date, the Corporation has not been found liable or paid any material sum of money in settlement in any case. The Corporation believes that the minimal use of asbestos in its operations and the relatively non-friable condition of asbestos in its products makes it unlikely that it will face material liability in any asbestos litigation, whether individually or in the aggregate. The Corporation does maintain insurance coverage for these potential liabilities and it believes adequate coverage exists to cover any unanticipated asbestos liability.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

On May 5, 2006, the Registrant held its annual meeting of stockholders. The matters submitted to a vote by the stockholders were the election of directors, the approval of the 2006 Incentive Compensation Plan, and the appointment of independent accountants for the Registrant.

The votes received by the director nominees were as follows:

	<u>For</u>	<u>Withheld</u>
Martin R. Benante	19,181,478	297,572
James B. Busey IV	18,992,325	486,725
S. Marce Fuller	19,400,039	79,071
Carl G. Miller	18,690,763	788,287
William B. Mitchell	19,396,975	79,352
John Myers	19,402,140	76,911
William W. Sihler	19,396,975	82,075
Albert E. Smith	19,404,989	74,061

There were no broker non-votes or votes against any director.

The stockholders approved the adoption of the 2006 Incentive Compensation Plan. The holders of 16,396,181 shares of Common Stock voted in favor; 356,333 voted against and 508,188 abstained. There were 2,218,348 broker non-votes.

The stockholders approved the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent accountants for the Registrant. The holders of 19,422,200 shares of Common Stock voted in favor; 50,360 voted against and 6,491 abstained. There were no broker non-votes.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

Item 6. EXHIBITS

- Exhibit 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A/A filed May 24, 2005)
- Exhibit 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A/A filed May 24, 2005)
- Exhibit 10.1 2006 Modified Incentive Compensation Plan, (incorporated by reference to Appendix B to Company's 2006 Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on March 29, 2006)
- Exhibit 10.2 Instruments of Amendment Nos. 6 and 7 to the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Retirement Plan (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 10.3 Instruments of Amendment Nos. 3 through 6 to the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Corporation Retirement Plan (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 10.4 Instrument of Amendment Nos. 3 and 4 to the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Savings and Investment Plan (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 10.5 Instrument of Amendment Nos. 2 and 3 to the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Corporation Savings Plan (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Martin R. Benante, Chairman and CEO, Pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Glenn E. Tynan, Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) (filed herewith)
- Exhibit 32 Certification of Martin R. Benante, Chairman and CEO, and Glenn E. Tynan, Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (filed herewith)

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION and SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Glenn E. Tynan

Glenn E. Tynan
Vice President Finance / C.F.O.
Dated: August 9, 2006

**CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
RETIREMENT PLAN
As Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2001**

SIXTH INSTRUMENT OF AMENDMENT

Recitals:

1. Curtiss-Wright Corporation (“the Company”) has heretofore adopted the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Retirement Plan (“the Plan”).
2. The Company caused the Plan to be amended and restated in its entirety, effective as of January 1, 2001, and has since caused the Plan to be further amended.
3. Subsequent to the most recent amendment of the Plan, it has become necessary to further amend the Plan to clarify certain provisions of the Plan and to reflect certain legal requirements.
4. Sections 12.01 and 12.02 of the Plan permit the Company to amend the Plan, by written instrument, at any time and from time to time.

Amendment to the Plan:

For the reason set forth in the Recitals to this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan is hereby amended in the following respects, to be effective as of January 1, 2006, unless otherwise specified herein:

1. Section 1.04 is amended by adding the following new sentence at the end thereof:
The Annuity Starting Date for a Participant receiving payments under the provisions of Section 6.05 or 9.02(c) shall be his Normal Retirement Date.
2. Section 1.05 is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:
Average Compensation shall be determined in accordance with such uniform rules uniformly applicable to all employees similarly situated as shall be prescribed by the Committee.
3. Section 1.12 is amended to read as follows:
“Covered Compensation” means, for any Participant, the average of the taxable wage bases in effect under Section 230 of the Social Security Act for each year in the 35-year period ending with the year in which the Participant attains his Social Security Retirement Age. No increase in Covered Compensation shall decrease a Participant’s Accrued Benefit under the Plan. In determining a Participant’s Covered Compensation for any Plan Year, the taxable wage base for the current Plan and any subsequent Plan Year shall be

assumed to be the same as the taxable wage base in effect as of the beginning of the Plan Year for which the determination is made.

4. Section 1.13 is amended by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:
 - (b) A period of Leave of Absence recognized under Section 2.03.
5. Article 1 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by deleting Section 1.19 and by renumbering Sections 1.20 through 1.52 as Sections 1.19 through 1.51, respectively.
6. Section 1.27 is amended by inserting a period after the word "members" and deleting the remainder of the sentence.
7. Sections 1.38, as renumbered, is amended to read as follows:

" Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity" means an immediate annuity for the life of the Participant with a survivor annuity for the life of the Spouse, which is equal to one-half of the amount which is payable during the joint lives of the Participant and the Spouse, and which is the amount of benefit which can be purchased with the actuarial equivalent of the Participant's vested retirement benefit.
8. Section 2.01(b) is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by deleting the words "the Entry Date coinciding with or next following" therefrom.
9. Section 2.04 is amended to read as follows:

2.03 Treatment of Periods of Military Service and other Leaves of Absence.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision hereof, a Participant's Service, as taken into account under the Plan for purposes of vesting and for purposes of determining eligibility for and the amount of his retirement benefits hereunder, in accordance with Article 4, Article 6 and Article 9, shall include, to the extent required by law, any period of absence from service with the Employer due to a period of service in the uniformed services of the United States which occurs after the date the Participant meets the eligibility requirements for membership in the Plan, if he shall have returned to the service of the Employer after having applied to return while his reemployment rights were protected by law, the Participant shall be deemed to have earned Compensation during the period of Employee for that period or, if such rate is not reasonably certain, on the basis of the Participant's rate of compensation during the 12-month period immediately preceding such period of absence (or if shorter, the period of employment immediately preceding such period).
- (b) Notwithstanding any provisions of the Plan to the contrary, an Employee's period of Leave of Absence not otherwise included under paragraph (a) above, shall be included for purposes of determining vesting and for purposes of determining the amount of his retirement benefits hereunder

in accordance with Article 4, 6, and 9, provided that the Employee returns to the employ of the Employer at or before the expiration of the Leave of Absence. If the Employee receives credit for service under the preceding sentence, the Employee shall be deemed to have earned Compensation during the Leave of Absence at the rate of pay he was receiving immediately prior to his Leave of Absence.

10. Section 6.12 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2004, by redesignating paragraph (f) as paragraph (g) and by adding a new paragraph (f) to read as follows:
- (f) If the benefit is payable neither as a life annuity nor as a qualified joint and survivor annuity, the maximum limitation shall be the Actuarial Equivalent of the maximum limitation otherwise applicable. Actuarial Equivalent for purposes of this paragraph shall be determined in accordance with Section 415(b) of the Code and the regulations or rulings issued thereunder and using the Plan's optional form of payment factors, or, if less, using factors calculated from the IRS Mortality Table, if applicable, and either:
- (1) if the benefit is not subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code, an interest rate of 5 percent, or
 - (2) if the benefit is subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code:
 - (A) an interest rate of 5.5 percent for distributions made in Plan Years beginning in 2004 and 2005; and
 - (B) the IRS Interest Rate for distributions made in Plan Years beginning in 2006 or any subsequent Plan Year.

However, in the case of a Participant or Beneficiary whose Annuity Starting date occurs during calendar year 2004, the amount payable under any form of payment subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code and subject to adjustment under the preceding paragraph shall not be less than the amount that would have been payable had the amount payable been determined using the IRS Interest Rate in effect on December 31, 2003.

11. Section 6.13(e) is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:
- Any reduction for the optional survivor benefit and/or contingent annuitant option provided by the terms of the Plan as of January 1, 2006 shall be eliminated with respect to any Participant or surviving spouse whose Annuity Starting Date had not occurred as of December 31, 2005.
12. Section 7.03(c) is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by adding the following text at the end thereof:

With respect to benefits commencing on or after January 1, 2005, the following rules shall apply:

- (a) Any additional benefits accruing to a Participant in a calendar year after the first distribution calendar year will be distributed beginning with the first payment interval ending in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which such amount accrues.
- (b) If the Participant's benefit is being distributed in the form of a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the Participant and non-spouse Beneficiary, annuity payments to be made on or after the Participant's required beginning date to the designated beneficiary after the Participant's death must not at any time exceed the applicable percentage of the annuity payment for such period that would have been payable to the Participant using the table set forth in Q&A-2 of Section 1.401(a)(9)-6 of the Treasury regulations. If the form of distribution combines a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the Participant and a non-spouse Beneficiary and a period certain annuity, the requirement in the preceding sentence will apply to annuity payments to be made to the designated beneficiary after the expiration of the period certain. If the Annuity Starting Date occurs in a calendar year which precedes the calendar year in which the Participant reaches age 70, in determining the applicable percentage, the Participant/Beneficiary's age difference is reduced by the number of years that the Participant is younger than age 70 on the employee's birthday in the calendar year that contains the Annuity Starting Date.
- (c) If the Participant's benefit is being distributed in the form of a period certain and life annuity option, the period certain may not exceed the applicable distribution period for the Participant under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations for the calendar year that contains the Annuity Starting Date. If the Annuity Starting Date precedes the year in which the Participant reaches age 70, the applicable distribution period for the Participant is the distribution period for age 70 under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations plus the excess of 70 over the age of the Participant as of the Participant's birthday in the year that contains the Annuity Starting Date.
- (d) For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
 - (1) Designated beneficiary. The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under Section 1.06 is the designated beneficiary under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and Section 1.401(a)(9)-1, Q&A-4, of the Treasury regulations.
 - (2) Distribution calendar year. A calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the Participant's death, the first distribution calendar year is the

calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the Participant's required beginning date.

- (3) Life Expectancy. Life expectancy as computed using the Single Life Table in Section 1.401(a)(9)-(9) of the Treasury regulations.
- (4) Required beginning date. With respect to a Participant who is a 5-percent owner as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code, the April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Participant attains age 70½ and, with respect to a Participant who is not a 5-percent owner, the April 1 following the later of the calendar year in which the Participant attains age 70½ or the calendar year in which the Participant retires.

13. Article 7 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2004, by adding a new Section 7.10 to read as follows:

7.10 Limitation on Benefits In the Event of a Liquidity Shortfall .

Notwithstanding any provisions of the Plan to the contrary, in the event the Plan has a liquidity shortfall within the meaning of Section 401(a)(32) of the Code, the Trustee shall, as directed by the Committee, cease payment during the period of such liquidity shortfall of (a) any payment in excess of the monthly amount payable under a single life annuity (plus any social security supplements described in Section 411(a)(9) of the Code) to any Participant or Beneficiary whose Annuity Starting Date occurs during such period, (b) any payment for the purchase of an irrevocable commitment from an insurer to pay benefits, or (c) any other payment specified in regulations promulgated under Section 401(a)(32) of the Code.

14. Section 8.01(a) is amended to read as follows:

- (a) If a Participant who has a vested interest in his retirement benefit dies before payment of his benefit commences or if a Participant in receipt of payments under Section 6.05 dies prior to his Normal Retirement Date, then his Beneficiary shall be entitled to receive a benefit under this Section. For a Participant who was an Employee in active employment at the time of his death, the benefit shall be equal to the amount the Participant would have received pursuant to Section 6.01(a) and Section 6.01(b), if the benefit to which the Participant had been entitled at his date of death had commenced in the form of a one hundred percent (100%) joint and survivor annuity in the month next following the month in which his Normal Retirement Date had occurred (or next following the month in which his date of death occurred, if later); for a Participant who was not an Employee in active employment at the time of his death (including a Participant who was accruing benefits or receiving payments under Section 6.05), the benefit shall be equal to the amount the Participant would have received pursuant to Section 6.01(a) and Section 6.01(b), if

the benefit to which the Participant had been entitled at his date of death had commenced in the form of a fifty percent (50%) joint and survivor annuity in the month next following the month in which his Normal Retirement date had occurred (or next following the month in which his date of death occurred, if later). The benefit payable to the Beneficiary shall be reduced in accordance with Schedule A 1 to reflect its commencement prior to the Participant's Normal Retirement Date and on or after the Participant's 55th birthday if the Beneficiary elects early commencement. The benefit payable hereunder shall commence as of the first day of the month following the month in which the Participant's Normal Retirement Date would have occurred. However, the Participant's Beneficiary may elect to begin receiving payments as of the first day of any month following the Participant's death. If the Beneficiary elects to commence receipt of payment prior to the Participant's 55th birthday, the reduction for early commencement shall be the Actuarial Equivalent from age 65. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there shall be no reduction for early commencement if on the Participant's date of death he was either accruing benefits or receiving payments under Section 6.05.

15. Section 8.02 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2001, to read as follows:

8.02 Post-Retirement Death Benefit.

Upon the death after retirement of a Participant who contributed for sixty (60) consecutive months ending August 31, 1994, and attained age fifty-five (55) on or before August 31, 1994, his Death Benefit shall be equal to:

- (a) \$1,000; plus
- (b) the greater of (i) his Compensation (on an annual basis) in effect on the January 1 next preceding his retirement date, reduced by 1/60th of such amount on the first day of each month following his retirement date, and (ii) \$2,000; less
- (c) Any amounts under a Group Life Insurance Plan of the Company which were paid to such Participant during his lifetime or are payable by reason of his death.

16. Section 9.02(a)(viii) is amended by adding the following paragraph immediately preceding the last sentence thereof:

With benefits commencing on or after January 1, 2006, \$15.00 multiplied by his Years of Credited Service on or after January 1, 2006 for any pension payments due for months commencing on or after January 1, 2006.

17. Section 9.02(b) is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by designating the current text as subparagraph (i), by changing the internal references "(i)" and "(ii)"

to read as "(A)" and "(B)" respectively, and by adding a new subparagraph (ii) to read as follows:

- (f) A Participant who retires under the provisions of paragraph (a)(v) and this paragraph (b) may elect to have his pension benefit otherwise payable to him under the provisions of paragraph (a)(v) or (e), as applicable, adjusted as follows:
 - 1. With respect to months for which a benefit is payable to the Participant up to and including the month he attains age 62, his pension benefit shall be equal to the sum of his benefit determined under paragraph (a)(v) or the reduced amount of such pension if he has a survivor benefit in accordance with paragraph (e), plus \$100.00 reduced by 45/100 of 1% for each complete calendar month by which he is under age 62 at the date such early retirement benefits commence.
 - 2. With respect to months for which a benefit is payable to him following his attainment of age 62, an amount equal to the amount specified in (A) hereof less \$100.00.
 - 3. Such election shall be made within the 90-day election period preceding the Participant's Annuity Starting Date and in accordance with such administrative rules as the Committee shall prescribe in accordance with applicable law.

18. Section 9.02(c) is amended by adding a new subparagraph (vi) to read as follows:

- (vi) In the event a Participant in receipt of a pension under this paragraph (c) dies prior to his Normal Retirement Date, a survivor annuity shall be payable to his spouse provided the Participant had been married to his Spouse for at least one (1) year immediately prior to his date of death. In such event the survivor annuity shall be equal to the survivor benefit that would have been payable to the Spouse under paragraph (e)(iii) if such coverage had been in effect on the day preceding the Participant's date of death.

19. Section 9.02(e)(i)(A) is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by adding the following paragraph at the end thereof:

In the event a married Participant has been married to his spouse for less than one year on his Annuity Starting Date, he shall nevertheless be treated as having been married for one year for purposes of applying the provisions of this paragraph (e); provided, however, that no right or benefit shall vest to any spouse until the date on which the Participant has been married to such spouse for one year. In the event of the death of the Participant's spouse or divorce of the Participant and his spouse prior to the first anniversary of the date of marriage, the Participant shall be treated as unmarried as of the first day of the month following the date of death or divorce, and payment thereafter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a). No adjustments will be

made to amounts previously paid to the Participant. In the event of divorce or death of the Participant prior to the first anniversary of the date of marriage, the surviving spouse shall lose any rights under the provisions of this paragraph (e).

20. Section 9.02(e)(i)(B) is amended to read as follows:

A Participant who is entitled to a total and permanent disability benefit prior to attaining age sixty-five (65) shall have such benefit adjusted to provide a survivor benefit, if not waived, effective the first day of the month following his sixty-fifth (65th) birthday.

21. Section 9.02(e)(iv) is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

Notwithstanding the above, the reduction for coverage for the Qualified Preretirement Survivor Annuity shall be eliminated on and after January 1, 2006 with respect to any Participant or surviving spouse whose Annuity Starting Date had not occurred as of December 31, 2005.

22. Section 9.02(e)(v) is amended by deleting the text following the first paragraph thereof.

23. Section 9.02(h)(i) is amended to read as follows:

- (i) If a Participant who has a vested interest in his retirement benefit dies before payment of his benefits commence, then his surviving spouse shall be entitled to receive a benefit under this Section. The benefit shall be equal to the amount the Participant would have received pursuant to this Section, if the benefit to which Participant had been entitled at his date of death had commenced in the form described in paragraph (e) of a joint and survivor annuity in the month next following the month in which his Normal Retirement Date had occurred (or next following the month in which his date of death occurred, if later). The benefit payable hereunder shall commence as of the first day of the month following the later of the Participant's Normal Retirement Date would have occurred. However, the Participant's Spouse may elect to begin receiving payments as of the first day of any earlier month following the later of the month in which occurs the Participant's death or the date the Participant would have attained age 55. If the Beneficiary elects to commence receipt of payment prior to the Participant's 55th birthday, the reduction for early commencement shall be the Actuarial Equivalent from age 65.
- (ii) The benefit payable to the Spouse shall commence on the Participant's Normal Retirement Date or his date of death, if later. However, if the Participant had met the requirements for an early retirement benefit or was in receipt of payments under paragraph (c) upon his date of death, the Spouse may elect to commence payment as of the first day of any earlier month following the Participant's date of death. In the case of any other Participant, the Spouse may elect to commence payment as of the first day of any earlier month following the later of the Participant's 55th birthday or his date of death.

In any case in which the surviving Spouse's benefit commences prior to the Participant's Normal Retirement Date, the amount of the surviving Spouse's benefit shall be adjusted to reflect a reduction for early commencement equivalent to the reduction that would have been applied in determining the amount of the Participant's pension under the provisions of paragraph (b) or (d), as applicable, had the Participant begun to receive his pension as of such commencement date. No reduction shall apply if the Participant died while in receipt of payments under paragraph (c).

24. Schedule F is amended, effective as of January 1, 2001, by deleting the reference to "30%" in the last paragraph thereof and inserting in its place "10%".

25. Schedule J is amended, effective as of September 1, 2005, to read as follows:

Collins, Long Island (formerly referred to as Novatronics, Inc.)

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, no Employee who is employed at any operations or facilities acquired by the Employer in its acquisition of Novatronics, Inc. shall be eligible to become a Participant in the Plan prior to September 1, 2005.
- (b) Effective as of September 1, 2005, an Employee at the operations and facilities acquired by the Employer in its acquisition of Novatronics, Inc. shall be eligible to become a Participant in accordance with Section 2.01(b), but shall not accrue any benefits under the Plan, except for benefits determined in accordance with Article 4. In computing the amount of benefits under Article 4, only Compensation earned on and after September 1, 2005 shall be counted.

Except to the extent amended by this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.

**Curtiss-Wright Corporation
Retirement Plan Committee**

**CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
RETIREMENT PLAN
As Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2001**

SEVENTH INSTRUMENT OF AMENDMENT

Recitals:

1. Curtiss-Wright Corporation ("the Company") has heretofore adopted the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Retirement Plan ("the Plan").
2. The Company caused the Plan to be amended from time to time since that date.
3. Subsequent to the most recent amendment of the Plan, it has become necessary to further amend the Plan to provide an enhanced benefit to certain participants affected by a reduction in force.
4. Sections 12.01 and 12.02 of the Plan permit the Committee to amend the Plan, by written instrument, at any time and from time to time.

Amendments to the Plan:

For the reasons set forth in the Recitals to this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan is hereby amended in the following respects, to be effective as specified herein:

1. **Schedule K1** is amended, effective January 12, 2006, by adding, at the end thereof, the following new Item 8:

8. Controls Embedded Computing San Diego and Santa Clarita CA and Littleton MA Business Units and Controls Integrated Sensing, Long Beach CA Business Unit: January 12, 2006 through February 10, 2006

For each Participant whose employment with the Employer is terminated between January 12, 2006 and February 10, 2006, in connection with or as a result of the Company's reduction in force program at the Controls Embedded Computing, San Diego and Santa Clarita CA, and Littleton MA business units, and Controls Integrating Sensing, Long Beach, CA business unit, a supplemental credit shall be added to his or her Escalating Annuity Benefit. The amount of such supplemental credit shall be determined as follows: an amount equal to the product of (i) 4/75, (ii) his number of years of Service, and (iii) his weekly base rate of pay, provided, however, that the number of years of Service taken into account for this purpose shall not be less than 2 years and shall not be greater than 24 years for a Participant who is a salaried or exempt employee and shall not be greater than 6 years for a Participant who is a nonexempt employee.

2. **Schedule K2** is amended, effective as of January 12, 2006, by adding at the end thereof the following new Item 8:

8. Controls Embedded Computing San Diego and Santa Clarita CA and Littleton MA Business Units, and Controls Integrated Sensing, Long Beach CA Business Unit: January 12, 2006 through February 10, 2006

Notwithstanding any provision hereof to the contrary, a Participant whose employment with the Employer is terminated between January 12, 2006 and February 10, 2006, in connection with or as a result of the Company's reduction in force program at the Controls Embedded Computing, San Diego and Santa Clarita CA and Littleton MA business units and Controls Integrated Sensing, Long Beach, CA Business Unit shall be 100% vested in any Normal Retirement Benefit and any Escalating Annuity Benefit to which he or she may be eligible and entitled.

Except to the extent amended by this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.

**Curtiss-Wright Corporation
Retirement Plan Committee**

**FIFTH AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
PENSION PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 18 of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Pension Plan ("the Plan"), the Administrative Committee (the "Committee") may amend the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Plan to lower the mandatory cash-out threshold from \$5,000 to \$1,000 for benefits payable to surviving spouses of members who die prior to reaching their normal retirement date but solely with respect to distributions otherwise due on or after March 28, 2005 and prior to January 1, 2006, and to provide a voluntary lump sum option for those surviving spouses if the value of the lump sum exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Pension Plan is amended in the following respect, effective as of March 28, 2005:

1. Subsection 9.E is amended by adding the following paragraph at the end thereof:

"Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event a Surviving Spouse is due a lump sum payment under this Subsection 9.E on or after March 28, 2005 and prior to January 1, 2006, if the value of the lump sum payment exceeds \$1,000 and the Employee's death occurs prior to his Normal Retirement Date, such lump sum payment shall not be made unless the Surviving Spouse consents to the distribution in writing. Such consent shall be furnished on such form and in accordance with such administrative rules as shall be prescribed by the Administrator. In the event a Surviving Spouse who is eligible to make an election under this paragraph fails to do so prior to the Participant's Normal Retirement Date, payment shall automatically be made to the Surviving Spouse in one lump sum upon the Participant's Normal Retirement Date."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this amendment has been executed on this 15th day of August, 2005.

Administrative Committee

**FOURTH AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
PENSION PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 18 of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Pension Plan ("the Plan"), the Administrative Committee (the "Committee") may amend the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Plan to lower the mandatory cash-out threshold from \$5,000 to \$1,000 for benefits payable to members prior to their normal retirement date and to provide a voluntary lump sum option for members who elect payment prior to their normal retirement date if the value of the lump sum exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Pension Plan is amended in the following respects, effective as of March 28, 2005:

1. Section 6.E is amended by deleting the reference to "\$5,000" and inserting in its place "\$1,000" and by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

"In the event either the lump sum value of an Employee's entire Vested Pension from the Plan calculated in accordance with Subsection 10.1 and 10.J or the Employee's contributions, With Interest are in excess of \$1,000 but neither amount is in excess of \$5,000, the provisions of Subsection 10.N shall apply."
 2. Section 7.A is amended by deleting the third sentence thereof and by replacing it with the following sentences:

"If the amount payable is in excess of \$1,000 but not in excess of \$5,000 and payment is being made prior to the Employee's Normal Retirement Date, the Employee must request payment in writing. If the amount payable to an Employee is in excess of \$5,000, the Employee must request payment in writing and must obtain the written consent of his spouse."
 3. Subsection 10.N is amended to read as follows:

"N. In any case, a lump sum payment of Actuarial Equivalent value shall be made in lieu of all benefits in the event:

 - (i) the Employee's annuity starting date occurs on or after his Normal Retirement Date and both the present value of his Vested Pension and the Employee's contributions, With Interest, determined as of his annuity starting date amount to \$5,000 or less, or
 - (ii) the Employee's annuity starting date occurs prior to his Normal
-

Retirement Date and both the present value of his Vested Pension and the Employee's contributions, With Interest, determined as of his annuity starting date amount to \$1,000 or less.

The amount of the lump sum shall be determined in accordance with Subsection 10.J above. The lump sum payment shall be made as soon as practicable following the determination that the amount qualifies for distribution under this paragraph. In no event shall a lump sum payment be made following the date pension payments have commenced as an annuity.

Notwithstanding the above, an Employee who is entitled to a Vested Pension upon his termination of employment shall be entitled to elect to receive in one lump sum of Actuarial Equivalent value his Vested Pension (including any early retirement supplement) provided by the Plan or, if greater, the Employee's contributions With Interest, provided that the lump sum payment exceeds \$1,000 but does not exceed \$5,000 at the time of payment. The Employee may elect to receive the lump sum payment as soon as practicable following his termination of employment or as of the first day of any later month that precedes his Normal Retirement Date. Such election shall be made in accordance with such administrative rules as the Administrative Committee shall prescribe. Spousal consent to the Employee's election of the lump sum (as described in Subsection 10.A) is not required. An Employee who is entitled to elect a distribution under this Subsection shall not be entitled to receive payment in any other form of payment offered under the Plan."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this amendment has been executed on this 23 day of June, 2005.

Administrative Committee

**THIRD AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
PENSION PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 18 of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Pension Plan ("Pension Plan"), the Administrative Committee (the "Committee"), may amend the Pension Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Pension Plan to include in the Plan's definition of compensation, salary deferrals made by an employee under the terms of the Curtiss-Wright Executive Deferred Compensation Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Pension Plan is amended in the following respect, effective as of January 1, 2005:

1. Section 1.8 is amended by revising the first paragraph thereof to read as follows:

"Compensation" means (a) wages within the meaning of section 3401(a) of the Code and all other payments of compensation to an Employee by the Employer (in the course of the Employer's trade or business) for which the Employer is required to furnish the Employee a written statement on Form W-2 under sections 6041(d), 6051(a)(3), and 6052 of the Code; (b) amounts contributed by the Employer pursuant to a salary reduction agreement that are not includible in the gross income of the Employee under sections 125, 402(e)(3), 402(h) of the Code and, effective as of January 1, 2001, section 132(f) of the Code; and (c) amounts that would have been payable to an Employee but for a deferral election made by the Employee under the terms of the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, which amount shall be deemed to have been paid at the time at which it would have been paid in the absence of such election, provided, however, no amount shall be included in an Employee's Compensation pursuant to this clause (c) if the inclusion of such amount would cause the Plan to fail to comply with any nondiscrimination provision of the Code. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the term Compensation shall exclude the following: reimbursements or other expense allowances; fringe benefits (cash or noncash); moving expenses; deferred compensation, except for such amounts specifically included under clause (c) of the preceding sentence; welfare benefits; amounts paid under a long-term incentive plan; and 50% of any annual incentive award paid under a management incentive program. Effective as of January 1, 2001, Compensation shall also exclude any retention bonus, suggestion award, and other non-performance-related awards or bonuses.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this amendment has been executed on this 23 day of June, 2005.

Administrative Committee

**SIXTH AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
PENSION PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 18 of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Pension Plan (“the Plan”), the Administrative Committee (the “Committee”) may amend the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Plan to change the normal form of benefit for a married employee and the pre-retirement survivor annuity from a 55% Joint and Survivor Annuity to a 100% Joint and Survivor Annuity and to conform the Plan to current legal requirements.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Plan is amended in the following respects, as of the dates set forth below:

1. Subsection 8.C is amended, effective as of January 1, 2006, by deleting the comma after the word “occurred” in first sentence thereof and by deleting the words “and then multiplied by 55%” from the first sentence thereof.
2. Subsection 9.C is amended, effective as of January 1, 2006, by deleting the semi-colon at the end of clause 2 and by inserting in its place a period and by deleting the words “and then multiplied by 55%”.
3. Subsection 10.A is amended, effective as of January 1, 2006, by replacing the reference to “55%” in the first sentence thereof to read “100%”.
4. Subsection 10.C is amended, effective as of January 1, 2006, by revising Option 2 to read as follows:
 2. 55% Spouse Survivor Annuity — A reduced amount payable monthly for his life with the provision that upon his death, an amount equal to 55% of such reduced amount shall be paid monthly for the life of his Surviving Spouse.
5. Section 10 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by adding a new Subsection 10.R to read as follows:
 - R. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, all distributions from this Plan shall conform to the regulations issued under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code. Further, such regulations shall override any Plan provision that is inconsistent with Section 401(a)(9) of the Code.

With respect to benefits commencing on or after January 1, 2006, the following rules shall apply:

1. Any additional benefits accruing to an Employee in a calendar year after the first distribution calendar year will be distributed beginning with the first
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payment interval ending in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which such amount accrues.

2. If an Employee's benefit is being distributed in the form of a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the Employee and non-spouse beneficiary, annuity payments to be made on or after the Employee's required beginning date to the designated beneficiary after the Employee's death must not at any time exceed the applicable percentage of the annuity payment for such period that would have been payable to the Employee using the table set forth in Q&A-2 of Section 1.401(a)(9)-6 of the U. S. Treasury Department regulations. If the form of distribution combines a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the Employee and a non-spouse beneficiary and a period certain annuity, the requirement in the preceding sentence will apply to annuity payments to be made to the designated beneficiary after the expiration of the period certain. If the Annuity Starting Date occurs in a calendar year which precedes the calendar year in which the Employee reaches age 70, in determining the applicable percentage, the Employee/beneficiary age difference is reduced by the number of years that the Employee is younger than age 70 on the employee's birthday in the calendar year that contains the Annuity Starting Date.
3. If the Employee's benefit is being distributed in the form of a period certain and life annuity option, the period certain may not exceed the applicable distribution period for the Employee under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the U. S. Treasury Department regulations for the calendar year that contains the Annuity Starting Date. If the Annuity Starting Date precedes the year in which the Employee reaches age 70, the applicable distribution period for the Employee is the distribution period for age 70 under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the U. S. Treasury Department regulations plus the excess of 70 over the age of the Employee as of the Employee's birthday in the year that contains the Annuity Starting Date.
4. For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
 - (a) Designated beneficiary. The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under Section 11 is the designated beneficiary under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and Section 1.401(a)(9)-1, Q&A-4, of the U. S. Treasury Department regulations.
 - (b) Distribution calendar year. A calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the Employee's death, the first distribution calendar year is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the Employee's required beginning date.
 - (c) Life Expectancy. Life expectancy as computed using the Single Life Table in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the U. S. Treasury Department regulations.

- (d) Required beginning date. With respect to an Employee who is a 5-percent owner as defined in Section 416(i) of the Code, the April 1 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Employee attains age 70 ½ and, with respect to an Employee who is not a 5-percent owner, the April 1 following the later of the calendar year in which the Employee attains age 70-½ or the calendar year in which the Employee retires.
- (e) Annuity Starting Date. The date specified in Subsection 10.Q.

6. Section 17 is amended, effective as of January 1, 2005, by adding a new Subsection 17.K to read as follows:

K. Limitation on Benefits in the Event of a Liquidity Shortfall.

Notwithstanding any provisions of the Plan to the contrary, in the event the Plan has a liquidity shortfall within the meaning of Section 401(a)(32) of the Code, the Trustee shall, as directed by the Administrative Committee, cease payment during the period of such liquidity shortfall of (a) any payment in excess of the monthly amount payable under a single life annuity (plus any social security supplements described in Section 411(a)(9) of the Code) to any Employee or beneficiary whose benefit commencement date occurs during such period, (b) any payment for the purchase of an irrevocable commitment from an insurer to pay benefits, or (c) any other payment specified in regulations promulgated under Section 401(a)(32) of the Code.

7. Appendix B is amended, effective as of January 1, 2004, by adding the following text at the end of Appendix B.5.

“Notwithstanding the foregoing, effective January 1, 2004, actuarial equivalent value for purposes of determining the adjustment for optional forms of payment under this subsection shall be determined in accordance with Section 415(b) of the Code and the regulations or rulings issued thereunder and using the Plan’s optional form of payment factors, or, if less, using factors calculated from the IRS Mortality Table, if applicable, and either:

(A) if the benefit is not subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code, an interest rate of 5 percent, or

(B) if the benefit is subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code:

(1) an interest rate of 5.5 percent for distributions made in Plan Years beginning in 2004 and 2005; and

(2) the IRS Interest Rate for distributions made in Plan Years beginning in 2006 or any subsequent Plan Year.

However, in the case of an Employee or Beneficiary whose benefit commencement date occurs during calendar year 2004, the amount payable under any form of payment subject to the provisions of Section 417(e)(3) of the Code and subject to adjustment under the preceding sentence shall not be less than the amount that would have been

payable had the amount payable been determined using the IRS Interest Rate in effect on December 31, 2003.

The foregoing amendments shall apply to any Employee former Employee or beneficiary whose benefit had not commenced as of the effective date of the applicable amendment.

Administrative Committee

**CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
SAVINGS & INVESTMENT PLAN
As Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2001**

THIRD INSTRUMENT OF AMENDMENT

Recitals:

1. Curtiss-Wright Corporation ("the Company") has heretofore adopted the Curtiss- Wright Corporation Savings & Investment Plan ("the Plan").
2. The Company caused the Plan to be amended and restated in its entirety, effective as of January 1, 2001, in order to maintain the Plan's compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code ("the Code") and applicable regulations thereunder, and caused the Plan, as so amended and restated, to be submitted to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), pursuant to Rev. Proc. 2001-6, for a determination that the Plan is a qualified plan, within the meaning of Sec. 401 of the Code.
3. The Plan was further amended by the Second Instrument of Amendment.
4. It has become necessary to further amend the Plan to clarify the participation of the former employees of IMES Engineering, Inc. in the Plan and to add special provisions applicable to employees employed at facilities or operations acquired in the acquisition of Nova Machine Products Corp.
5. Section 12.01(a) of the Plan permits the Company to amend the Plan, by written instrument, at any time and from time to time, by action of the Administrative Committee.

Amendments to the Plan:

For the reasons set forth in the Recitals to this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan is hereby amended in the following respects, to be effective as specified herein:

1. **Appendix A** is amended, effective as of April 2, 2004, by deleting Item 17 and by renumbering Item 18 as Item 17 accordingly.
2. **Appendix A** is further amended, effective as of July 1, 2005, by revising Item 17, as renumbered, to read as follows:
 17. **Nova Machine Products Corp.**
 - (a) Each Employee who is employed at any operations or facilities acquired by the Employer in its acquisition of Nova Machine Products Corp. shall not be eligible to become a Member prior to July 1, 2005 but shall be eligible to become a Member on any Enrollment Date on or after July 1, 2005 (such employees hereinafter referred to as "Nova Machine Employees").
 - (b) The Employer may make special contributions to the Plan on account of any Plan Year, in an amount to be determined by the

Employer, on behalf of each Member who is a Nova Machine Employee on the last day of that Plan Year and who has made either Deferred Cash Contributions or After-Tax Contributions during that Plan Year. The special contributions shall be paid to the Trustee no later than the time (including extensions) prescribed by law for the filing of the Employer's federal income tax return for the year for which the contributions are made.

- (c) The special contributions, if any, for a particular Plan Year shall be a specified percentage (as determined by the Employer) of the Deferred Cash Contributions and/or After-Tax Contributions made by or on behalf of each eligible Nova Machine Employee pursuant to Sections 3.01 and/or 3.02 during that Plan Year.
- (d) The Committee shall establish such separate accounts within the Employer Account as may be necessary to properly account for the special contributions.
- (e) A Nova Machine Employee shall vest in his special contribution subaccount within his Employer Account upon the earliest to occur of: (A) his completion of three Years of Vesting Service, (B) his attainment of age 65 while employed by the Employer or an Affiliated Employer, or (C) his death while employed by the Employer or an Affiliated Employer. For purposes of this Item 17, an Employee shall be credited with a Year of Vesting Service for each Plan Year commencing on and after January 1, 2005 in which the Employee completes at least 1,000 Hours of Service. The Employee shall also be credited with the number of Years of Vesting Service the Employee had accrued under the terms of the Nova Division 401(k) Plan as of December 31, 2004.
- (f) The special contribution shall be included in performing the contribution percentage test under Section 3.08 in accordance with applicable law.
- (g) The one per calendar year restriction on in-service withdrawals under Section 7.02 shall not apply to any employee who had an account balance transferred to this Plan from the Nova Division 401(k) Plan as of July 1, 2005.
- (h) The Committee shall adopt such rules of administration uniformly applicable to all employees similarly situated as it deems necessary to administer the provisions of this Item 17 in accordance with applicable law.

Except to the extent amended by this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.

**CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
SAVINGS & INVESTMENT PLAN
ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE**

By: /s/ PAUL FERDENZI

Date: 3/3/06

**CURTISS-WRIGHT CORPORATION
SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT PLAN
As Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2001**

FOURTH INSTRUMENT OF AMENDMENT

Recitals:

1. Curtiss-Wright Corporation ("the Company") has heretofore adopted the Curtiss-Wright Corporation Savings & Investment Plan ("the Plan").
2. The Company caused the Plan to be amended and restated in its entirety, effective as of January 1, 2001, in order to maintain the Plan's compliance with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code ("the Code") and applicable regulations thereunder, and caused the Plan, as so amended and restated, to be submitted to the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"), pursuant to Rev. Proc. 2001-6, for a determination that the Plan is a qualified plan, within the meaning of Sec. 401 of the Code. The Plan has been amended from time to time since that date.
3. Subsequent to the most recent amendment of the Plan, it has become necessary to further amend the Plan to take account of changes to permit rollovers of outstanding loan notes from 401(k) Plans that exist at companies that are subsequently acquired by the Company.
4. Section 12.01 of the Plan permits the Company to amend the Plan, by written instrument, at any time and from time to time, by action of the Administrative Committee.

Amendment to the Plan:

For the reasons set forth in the Recitals to this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan is hereby amended in the following respects, to be effective as of April 17, 2006:

1. Section 3.04 of the Plan is amended by adding the following paragraph at the end thereof:

Notwithstanding any provision of this section 3.04 to the contrary and subject to the terms of Article 8, in the event an individual who becomes an Employee of an Employer (as defined in Section 1.19 of the Plan) on or after April 17, 2006 and who immediately prior to that date was employed by a business entity acquired by the Company or one of its affiliates (an "Acquired Employee"), and has no more than two loans outstanding under the former 401(k) Plan, the Plan shall accept a direct loan rollover of such outstanding loan notes, provided the loans are not in default as of the date of transfer. Further, in accordance with the rules set forth by the Committee, such individual may not receive a new loan or increase the outstanding loan(s) under the terms of the Plan until such individual's rolled over loans have been repaid in full or otherwise distributed to the individual. Under the terms of the Plan, Members may have a maximum of

one outstanding loan, unless and only if a Member is an Acquired Employee involved in a trust to trust transfer or a direct loan rollover as mentioned above in which case the Acquired Employee may have a maximum of two outstanding loans until such rolled over loans are repaid in full or distributed to the individual.

Except to the extent amended by this Instrument of Amendment, the Plan shall remain in full force and effect.

**CURTISS WRIGHT CORPORATION
SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT PLAN
ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE:**

**SECOND AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
SAVINGS PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section XIV.2.b of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Savings Plan ("Savings Plan"), the Administrative Committee (the "Committee") may amend the Savings Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Savings Plan to reduce the small lump sum cash-out threshold from \$5,000 to \$1,000.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Savings Plan is amended in the following respect, effective as of March 28, 2005:

1. Sections VII.1 and VII.4 are amended by deleting the reference to "\$5,000" where it appears therein and inserting in its place the reference to "\$1,000".

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this amendment has been executed on this 23 day of June, 2005.

Administrative Committee

**THIRD AMENDMENT TO
CURTISS-WRIGHT ELECTRO-MECHANICAL DIVISION
SAVINGS PLAN**

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section XIV.2.b of the Curtiss-Wright Electro-Mechanical Division Savings Plan ("Savings Plan"), the Administrative Committee (the "Committee") may amend the Savings Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Committee desires to amend the Savings Plan to reflect certain Plan design changes;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that the Savings Plan is amended in the following respects, effective as of March 1, 2006:

1. Article II is amended by deleting Article II.4 therefrom and by renumbering Article II.5 as Article II.4.
2. Article VII.1.b. is amended by revising the third through fifth sentences thereof to read as follows:

"Amounts that remain in the Plan must be withdrawn in one lump sum only on or prior to the April 1 following the calendar year in which the Terminated Participant attains age 70-1/2; no partial distributions shall be permitted. Participants will be entitled to receive an amount equivalent to the value of the vested Accounts on the first Valuation Date after the distribution has been approved by the Plan Administrator. If no direction is provided by the Participant prior to the April 1 following the calendar year following the Participant's attainment of age 70-1/2, distribution of all vested Accounts shall automatically be made in cash by said April 1."
3. Article VII.2.b(1) is amended by deleting the fifth and sixth sentences therefrom and replacing them with the following sentence:

"All payments under this option will be made in cash."
4. Article VII .2.b(2) is amended by deleting the last sentence therefrom.
5. Article VII .4 is amended by revising the fourth paragraph thereof to read as follows:

"In the event of the death of a Participant, the following shall apply:

 - a. If the total value of Accounts is \$5,000 or less, a total distribution shall be made in cash, automatically, to the designated Beneficiary.
 - b. If the total value of Accounts exceeds \$5,000 and the designated Beneficiary is not the Surviving Spouse, a total distribution shall be made in cash, automatically, to the designated Beneficiary.

- c. If the total value of Accounts exceeds \$5,000 and the designated Beneficiary is the Surviving Spouse of a Retired or Totally Disabled Participant, the Surviving Spouse may elect a total distribution or may elect to leave his Accounts in the Plan. If the Surviving Spouse elects to leave his Accounts in the Plan he shall be treated as a Retired Participant and the investment and payment options which are available to Retired Participants shall be available to the Surviving Spouse.
 - d. If the total value of Accounts exceeds \$5,000 and the designated Beneficiary is the Surviving Spouse of an active or Terminated Participant, the Surviving Spouse may elect a total distribution or may elect to leave his Accounts in the Plan. If the Surviving Spouse elects to leave his Accounts in the Plan he shall be treated as a Terminated Participant and the investment and payment options which are available to Terminated Participants shall be available to the Surviving Spouse.”
- 6. Article VII is amended by deleting Article VII.5 and by renumbering Articles VII.6 through Article VII.16 as Articles VII.5 through Article VII.15, respectively. All internal references to those Sections shall be changed accordingly.
 - 7. Article VII.8, as renumbered, is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

“In the event a Participant fails to file an election form under Article VII.1 or 2 to commence payment of his Accounts, he shall be deemed to have elected to defer payment to the latest commencement date permitted under Article VII.1 or 2, as applicable.”
 - 8. Article VIII .1 is amended by deleting the second, third, fourth and fifth paragraphs thereof and by revising the first paragraph thereof to read as follows:

“A Participant shall be permitted to make a withdrawal for any reason from his Pension Rollover Account, his Rollover Account and/or his After-Tax Account.”
 - 9. Article VIII .2 is amended by adding the following sentence after the third paragraph thereof:

“A Retired Participant who has been rehired as an Employee and has Accounts remaining in the Plan shall be permitted to make a withdrawal from that portion of his Pre-Tax Account and his Catch-Up Contribution Account attributable to amounts in those Accounts as of his date of rehire.”
 - 10. Article VIII .2 is further amended by redesignating clause e. as clause g, deleting the “or” at the end of clause d. and by adding the following new clauses e. and f.:
- e. payments for burial or funeral expenses for the Participant’s deceased parent, spouse, children or dependents (as defined in Section 152 of the Code and without regard to Section 152(d)(i)(B) of the Code);

- f. expenses for the repair of damage to the Participant's principal residence that would qualify for the casualty deduction under Section 165 of the Code (determined without regard to whether the loss exceeds 10% of adjusted gross income); or"
 - 11. Article VIII.3 is amended by deleting the words "and/or the After-Tax Account (matched portion)" where it appears therein.
 - 12. Article VIII .4 is amended by revising the second sentence thereof to read as follows:

"A Non-Vested Participant shall be permitted to make a withdrawal from the vested portion of his Employer Match Contribution Account upon the attainment of age 59-1/2."
 - 13. Article VIII.5 is amended by revising the third paragraph thereof to read as follows:

"All non-hardship withdrawals will be derived from the available Accounts of each Participant based upon the following hierarchy:

 - a. After-Tax Account and Pension Rollover Account;
 - b. Rollover Account;
 - c. Vested portion of Employer Match Contribution Account;
 - d. Pre-Tax Account."
 - 14. Article IX.1.c. is amended by revising the third sentence thereof to read as follows:

"All loans will be derived from the available Accounts of each Participant based upon the following hierarchy:

 - (i) Pre-Tax Account;
 - (ii) After-Tax Account and Pension Rollover Account;
 - (iii) Rollover Account;
 - (iv) Vested portion of Employer Match Contribution Account."
 - 15. Article IX.1.e. is amended by revising the fourth sentence thereof to read as follows:

"During the repayment period, loan repayments shall be allocated to the Accounts of Participants on a pro rata basis."
 - 16. Article IX.1.f. is amended to read as follows:

"For each Plan Year, the interest rate to be charged for the term of the loans initiated in the Plan Year shall be the prime interest rate from the Wall Street Journal as of the first business day of the Plan Year in which the loan is processed plus one percent 1%."
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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this amendment has been executed on this ____ day of _____, 2006.

Administrative Committee

By: _____

Date: _____

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Martin R. Benante, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Curtiss-Wright Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(e) and 15d – 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2006

/s/ Martin R. Benante

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Glenn E. Tynan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Curtiss-Wright Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a – 15(e) and 15d – 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2006

/s/ Glenn E. Tynan

Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Curtiss-Wright Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Martin R. Benante, as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Glenn E. Tynan, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, that to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Martin R. Benante

Martin R. Benante
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer
August 9, 2006

/s/ Glenn E. Tynan

Glenn E. Tynan
Chief Financial Officer
August 9, 2006
